86th Parkway and 88th Avenue: Indiana Street to Sheridan Boulevard

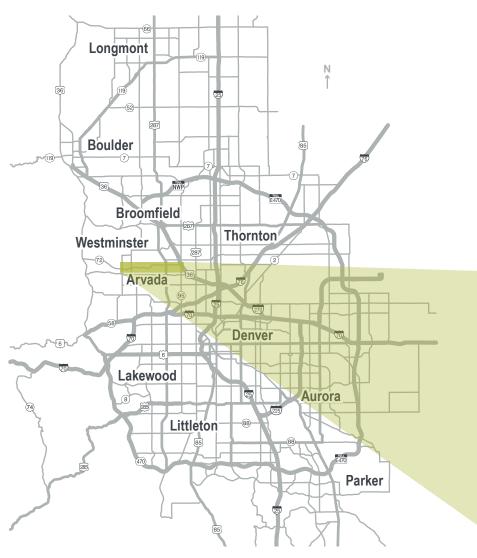


Federal Funds for Arvada

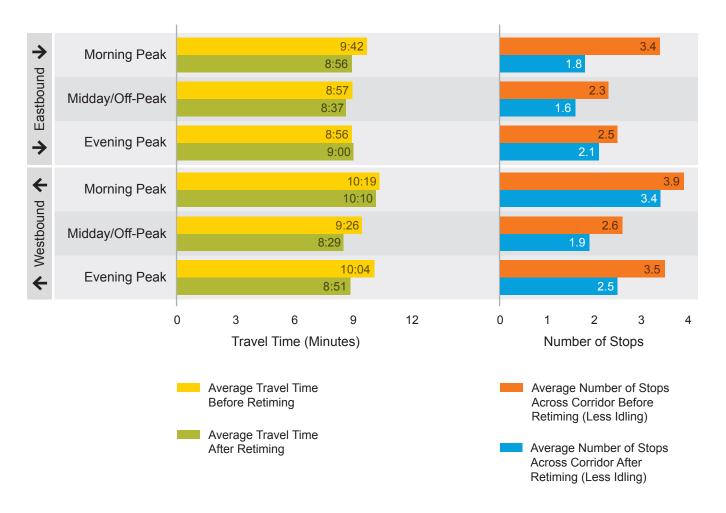
Development of the signal timing and coordination plans for this corridor was completed using the services of a consultant: APEX Design, PC.

Project Achievements

| Performance Measures | Daily Reduction |
|---|---|
| Vehicle travel time | 113 hours |
| Fuel consumption | 104 gallons |
| S Time and fuel costs | \$2,750 savings daily (\$700,000 annually) |
| Greenhouse gas emissions | 1,996 pounds |
| Emissions of six EPA-regulated pollutants | 21 pounds |



Overall Improvements



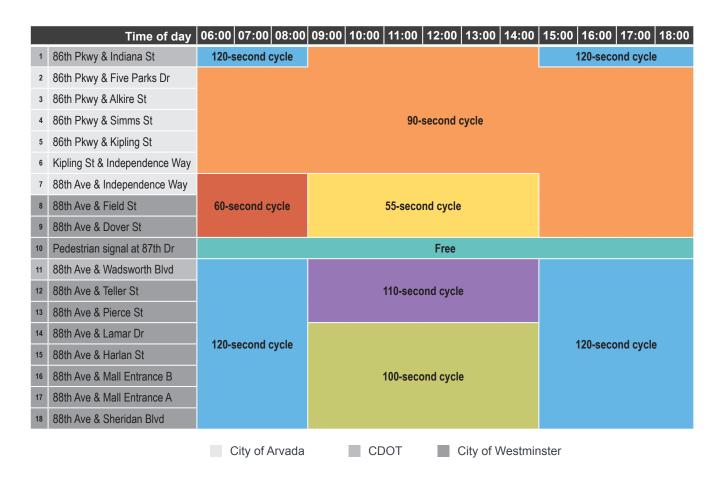
Project Scope

86th Parkway and 88th Avenue (6.0 miles)



Traffic Signal Coordination

Traffic signal coordination allows traffic to travel along a street without stopping at every light. A major component of any coordinated signal-timing plan is properly sized cycle length shared by each intersection along the corridor. The cycle length is the time required for one sequence of signal displays (green, yellow and red) around an intersection to be lit for each approach. DRCOG's engineers evaluate cycle lengths to strike a balance between intersection capacity and delay for all users. The cycle lengths vary by time of day to account for fluctuating numbers of vehicles, bicyclists and pedestrians.



For more information about signal timing, see: bit.ly/SignalRed For more information about DRCOG's traffic operations program, see: bit.ly/TrafficOps



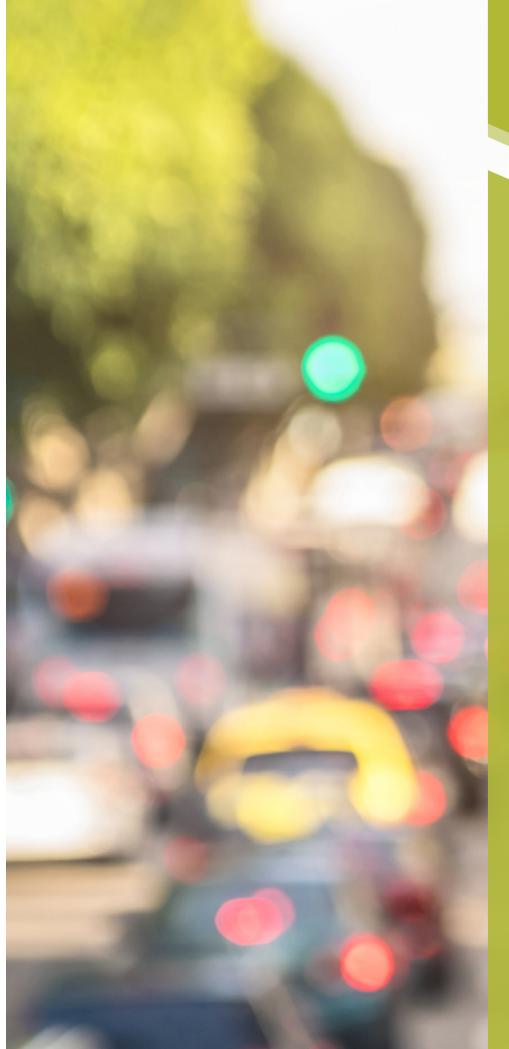
1290 Broadway, Main 303. Suite 100 Fax 303. Denver, Colorado 80203 drcog.org

Main 303.455.1000 Fax 303.480.6790 drcog.org











SIGNAL TIMING PROJECT BRIEF

86th Parkway and 88th Avenue: Indiana Street to Sheridan Boulevard

The Denver Regional Council of Governments (DRCOG) leads multijurisdictional partnerships to achieve optimal signal timing and coordination on area roadways. **Traffic signal timing adjustments** provide the smoothest possible flow for cars, trucks and buses. At the same time, safety is enhanced for all users, including pedestrians and bicyclists. Signal timing optimization saves drivers time and money, minimizes greenhouse gas and pollutant emissions, and enhances air quality.