CO AND PM10

AUGUST 2019 CONFORMITY DETERMINATION

for the

DRCOG Fiscally Constrained Element of the 2040 Metro Vision Regional Transportation Plan

and the 2020-2023 Transportation Improvement Program

Adopted August 21, 2019

Denver Regional Council of Governments 1001 17th St, Suite 700 Denver CO 80202

Preparation of this report has been financed in part through grants from the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, and Federal Highway Administration

ABSTRACT

TITLE:	CO and PM ₁₀ August 2019 Conformity Determination for the Fiscally Constrained Element of the 2040 Metro Vision Regional Transportation Plan and the 2020-2023 Transportation Improvement Program
AUTHOR:	Denver Regional Council of Governments
SUBJECT:	Air quality conformity of the Denver region's long-range transportation plan and short-range improvement program
DATE:	August 21, 2019
SOURCE OF COPIES:	Communications and Marketing Office DRCOG 1001 17th St, Suite 700 Denver CO 80202 (303) 455-1000
NUMBER OF PAGES:	99
ABSTRACT:	Demonstration of the Denver region's timely implementation of adopted Transportation Control Measures and meeting of federally prescribed air pollution emissions tests.

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CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION

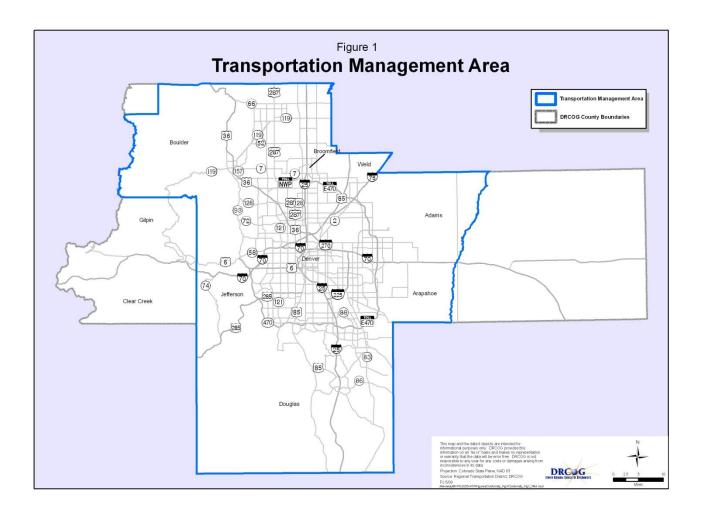
Federal Requirements

The Denver Regional Council of Governments (DRCOG) is the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for the Denver Transportation Management Area (TMA) shown in Figure 1. The MPO is required to show conformity of its fiscally constrained transportation plan and Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) with the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for air quality before these transportation plans and programs are adopted. This action is required under Section 176(c) of the Clean Air Act, as amended in 1990. Conformity to an air quality implementation plan is defined in the Clean Air Act as conformity to the implementation plan's purpose of eliminating or reducing the severity and number of violations of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) and achieving expeditious attainment of such standards. In addition, activities may not cause or contribute to new violations of air quality standards, exacerbate existing violations, or interfere with the timely attainment of required emissions reductions towards attainment. For pollutants for which a region currently meets standards but was formerly in nonattainment, the applicable SIP may also be referred to as a maintenance plan, which demonstrates continued attainment of the standards.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) final transportation conformity rule is located at 40 CFR Part 93. To address revised standards and changes in conformity requirements, EPA promulgated several amendments to the final rule. On July 1, 2004, EPA issued amendments which addressed:

- Conformity regulations for the 8-hour ozone and fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) NAAQS.
- The incorporation of existing federal guidance that is consistent with a U.S. Court of Appeals decision.
- The streamlining and improving of EPA's existing transportation conformity rule¹.

¹ 40 CFR Part 93



On March 10, 2006, EPA issued revisions addressing PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ Hot-Spot Analyses in Project-Level Transportation Conformity Determinations. These project-level conformity analyses are the responsibility of project sponsors. This conformity finding covers plan and program level conformity only.

On January 24, 2008, the U.S. Department of Transportation and EPA issued the transportation conformity rule, "Transportation Conformity Rule Amendments To Implement Provisions Contained in the 2005 Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU)."

On March 8, 2012, EPA issued amendments which restructure several sections of the existing transportation conformity rule. Key elements of the amendments include:

Restructuring two sections of the conformity rule, 40 CFR 93.109 and 93.119, so that the
existing rule requirements clearly apply to areas designated for future new or revised
NAAQS, thus reducing the need to amend the transportation conformity rule merely to
reference specific new NAAQS.

• As a result of these changes, the conformity rule will apply to any new NAAQS that EPA establishes in the future.

The EPA criteria and procedures vary according to the status of the State Air Quality Implementation Plans for individual pollutants. Transportation plans and programs must satisfy different criteria depending on whether the state has submitted a SIP revision, and whether the EPA has approved such a submittal.

Current Situation

Transportation Planning

DRCOG Region

The Metro Vision Plan is the long-range growth and development strategy for the Denver region. It integrates plans for growth and development, transportation, and environmental quality into a single comprehensive foundation for regional planning. Metro Vision calls for a balanced multimodal surface transportation system, including rapid transit, a regional bus network, a regional roadway system network, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and improvements to the existing roadway system.

The Metro Vision Regional Transportation Plan (MVRTP) is the transportation plan that implements the transportation element of Metro Vision. The MVRTP contains an unconstrained vision plan, outlining the region's total transportation needs, as well as the Fiscally Constrained RTP, which includes those projects that can be implemented given reasonably anticipated revenues through 2040. When the 2040 MVRTP is referenced in this document it denotes the Fiscally Constrained element of the plan. The 2040 MVRTP was adopted in April 2017.

The 2020-2023 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), identifies transit, multimodal, and roadway projects to be funded from FY 2020 through FY 2023. The regionally significant projects are described in Chapter 3. The TIP will implement projects and strategies identified in the first staging period of the 2040 MVRTP.

Air Quality Planning

The status of air quality planning is important as it determines the emissions tests that must be met to show conformity.

The latest revision to the carbon monoxide (CO) maintenance plan for Longmont established the emissions budget at 43 tons per day (tpd) for 2010 and beyond. On May 3, 2007, EPA found the revised CO budget of 43 tpd "adequate" for use in conformity determinations. EPA's approval of this latest Longmont CO Maintenance Plan revision became effective on October 16, 2007.

The most recent revised CO maintenance plan for Denver, approved by the Colorado Air Quality Control Commission (AQCC) on December 15, 2005, established the emission budget at 1,625 tpd through 2020, and 1,600 tpd for 2021 and beyond. On May 3, 2007, EPA found the revised CO budget of 1,600 tpd adequate for use in conformity determinations for 2021 and beyond. EPA's approval of the revised Denver CO Maintenance Plans became effective on October 16, 2007.

The State of Colorado submitted the latest Denver particulate matter equal to and less than 10 microns in aerodynamic diameter (PM_{10}) maintenance plan to the EPA in December 2005. EPA approved this latest PM_{10} SIP Revision on January 7, 2008. This latest PM_{10} Maintenance Plan revision contains the PM_{10} budgets of 54 tpd for the years 2015 through 2021, and 55 tpd for 2022 and beyond, respectively, as well as the wintertime NOx budgets of 70 tpd and 56 tpd for the years 2015 through 2021, and 2022 and beyond, respectively.

On December 14, 2012, EPA strengthened the annual $PM_{2.5}$ standard from 15 to 12 micrograms per cubic meter (μ g/m³) and retained the 24-hour $PM_{2.5}$ standard of 35 μ g/m³. The agency also retained the existing standard for PM_{10} . Based on the existing $PM_{2.5}$ monitor data, the Denver region does not violate either the new annual $PM_{2.5}$ standard, or the existing 24-hour $PM_{2.5}$ standard.

Air Quality Situation

The region has been redesignated as attainment maintenance for CO and PM₁₀. The pollutants and their violation status for the Denver region include:

Carbon Monoxide – A violation of the carbon monoxide standard occurs when a monitoring station shows more than one exceedance per year of the 8-hour (9 parts per million (ppm)) or

1-hour (35 ppm) standard. The carbon monoxide standard was last violated in 1995. There has been no violation for CO in the Denver region since.

 $PM_{2.5}$ – An exceedance of the $PM_{2.5}$ standard occurs when a monitoring station exceeds the annual average of 12 µg/m³ or the 24-hour average of 35 µg/m³. A violation of the 24-hour standard occurs only if the 3-year average of the 98th percentile of all 24 hour readings at a monitor exceeds 35 µg/m³ or the 3-year average of the annual averages exceeds 12 µg/m³. The Denver metropolitan area has never violated either of the two standards.

 PM_{10} – An exceedance of the PM_{10} standard occurs when a monitoring station exceeds a 24-hour average of 150 µg/m³. If the 24-hour standard is exceeded more than three times over a three-year period, it is a violation. The PM_{10} standard was last violated on three days in 1993. There has been no violation for PM_{10} in the Denver region since.

Process

Agency Roles

The Conformity SIP was developed by the AQCC and adopted in 1998. It formally defines the process for finding conformity. The EPA approved the Conformity SIP on September 21, 2001 (66FR48561). This makes the Conformity SIP federally enforceable.

DRCOG, as the MPO, and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as representatives of the U.S. Department of Transportation, are charged with determining conformity for the Denver TMA. The development of the MVRTP and TIP conformity determination has been a cooperative process between DRCOG and the RAQC, the Air Pollution Control Division (APCD) of CDPHE, the EPA, the FHWA, the FTA, CDOT, and the Regional Transportation District (RTD). In 2015, a memorandum of agreement was signed by CDPHE, DRCOG, the North Front Range MPO, and the RAQC for the purpose of defining the specific roles and responsibilities in conformity evaluations and findings.

Public Participation

Public participation was encouraged throughout the development of DRCOG's 2040 MVRTP and the 2020-2023 TIP. DRCOG has held numerous workshops, stakeholder meetings, interactive online forums, and other public participation events, as well as gathering public input

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through the Sustainable Communities Initiative, DRCOG Listening Tour, CDOT Town Halls, and other related efforts. A public hearing will be held in July 2019 for this document and the companion amended 2040 MVRTP.

CHAPTER 2. IMPLEMENTATION OF CONTROL MEASURES

For this conformity determination, there are no transportation control measures (TCMs) identified for timely completion or implementation as part of the applicable implementation plan. All transportation control measures associated with the CO or PM10 SIPs were completed by 2006.

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CHAPTER 3. EMISSIONS TESTS

General Description

The transportation plan and program must pass a series of emissions tests to demonstrate conformity. These emissions tests relate to the pollutants and their precursors for which the Denver region is designated as attainment-maintenance of the NAAQS.

These pollutants and precursors include:

- Carbon monoxide (CO)
- PM₁₀
- Nitrogen oxides (NO_x) as a precursor for PM₁₀ (wintertime estimate)

Each pollutant and precursor in specific geographic areas must pass a number of tests. The plan and program must respect the motor vehicle emissions budget in the applicable SIP or SIP submittal. Satisfying these tests involves demonstrating that relevant emissions in future years are less than or equal to the emissions budget established in the applicable maintenance plan. As required by 40 CFR 93.118, consistency with the motor vehicle emissions budget(s) must be demonstrated for each year for which the applicable implementation plan specifically establishes motor vehicle emissions budget(s), for the attainment year (if it is within the timeframe of the transportation plan), for the last year of the transportation plan's forecast period, and for any intermediate years as necessary so that the years for which consistency is demonstrated by analysis are no more than ten years apart.

In addition, when a maintenance plan has been submitted, emissions must be less than or equal to the motor vehicle emissions budget(s) established for the last year of the maintenance plan and any year for which the maintenance plan establishes budgets.

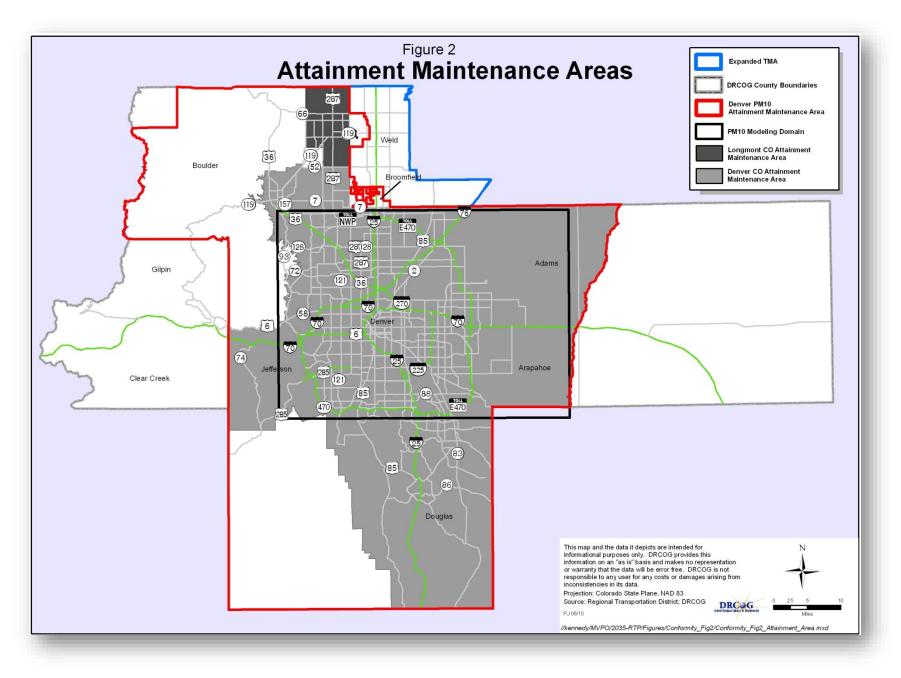
Applying these tests for the prescribed time periods for each of the pollutants results in 16 emissions tests as listed in Table 1². The analysis areas are shown in Figure 2.

² Transportation model runs represent the beginning of a calendar year. Test dates listed in Table 1 refer to model run dates.

Pollutant and Area	Tests
	2020 staging ≤ Budget of 1,625 tpd
Carbon Monoxide in Denver	2021 ≤ Budget of 1,600 tpd
Attainment Maintenance Area ¹	2030 staging ≤ Budget of 1,600 tpd
	2040 MVRTP ≤ Budget of 1,600 tpd
	2020 staging ≤ Budget of 43 tpd
Carbon Monoxide in Longmont	2020 ≤ Budget of 43 tpd
Attainment Maintenance Area ²	2030 staging ≤ Budget of 43 tpd
	2040 MVRTP ≤ Budget of 43 tpd
	2020 staging ≤ Budget of 54 tpd
PM10	2022 ≤ Budget of 55 tpd
1 10110	2030 staging ≤ Budget of 55 tpd
	2040 MVRTP ≤ Budget of 55 tpd
	2020 staging ≤ Budget of 70 tpd
NO _x associated with PM ₁₀	2022 ≤ Budget of 56 tpd
	2030 staging ≤ Budget of 56 tpd
	2040 MVRTP ≤ Budget of 56 tpd

Table 1Conformity Emissions Tests

¹ EPA approval is effective October 16, 2007.



Technical Process

The technical process used to estimate future pollutant emission levels is based on the latest planning assumptions in effect at the time of this conformity determination. Assumptions behind the analysis were derived from estimates of current and future population, employment, travel, and congestion most recently developed by DRCOG. Information concerning vehicle miles traveled and operating speeds were updated as part of this conformity finding process. Appendix B describes the modeling structure and recent enhancements for the DRCOG travel demand model in more detail. The above-mentioned factors were used with the EPA emission model (MOVES) to estimate emissions.

Demographic Assumptions

The population forecast for the full DRCOG region in 2040 is 4,360,742. This is a 38 percent increase over the 2015 estimated population of 3,181,468. Employment is forecast to be 2,384,785 in 2040 compared to the 2015 estimate of 1,711,617, an increase of 39 percent. Growth in population and employment will be the principal factor for the increased demand for travel on the region's transportation facilities and services. Table 2 shows the latest forecasts of population and employment for 2015, 2020, 2030 and 2040 for the DRCOG region. Table 3 lists 2015 and 2040 population and employment estimates by each of the nine counties, as well as the southwest portion of Weld County within the DRCOG region.

	2015	2020	2030	2040
Population	3,181,468	3,459,096	3,948,980	4,360,742
Employment	1,712,852	1,828,463	2,085,058	2,395,056

Table 2Population and Employment Forecasts –

Source: DRCOG. UrbanSim Modeling Run Fall 2018

Counties included in Totals: Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Broomfield, Denver, Douglas, Jefferson, Gilpin, Clear Creek and SW Weld.

County	Populat	tion	Employment						
	2015	2040	2015	2040					
Adams County	491,231	748,447	200,552	341,183					
Arapahoe County	633,202	874,493	344,599	505,486					
Boulder County	313,086	396,689	183,151	229,826					
Broomfield County	61,606	92,693	38,986	79,233					
Denver County	675,824	854,748	511,299	649,996					
Douglas County	329,632	492,775	136,488	224,194					
Jefferson County	556,964	684,123	268,274	319,311					
SW Weld in DRCOG	83,484	176,529	18,466	29,998					
Total DRCOG PM10 and CO Areas	3,145,029	4,320,497	1,701,815	2,379,227					

Table 32040 Population and EmploymentEstimates by County – DRCOG PM10 and CO Areas

Source: DRCOG. UrbanSim Modeling Run. Fall 2018

DRCOG Transportation Assumptions

In order to complete the emissions tests, the 2020, 2030, and 2040 transportation networks must first be defined. DRCOG's 2040 MVRTP specifies financially constrained highway and transit system improvements and resulting networks to be completed by the year 2040. The 2020-2023 TIP identifies funding to complete a number of regionally significant projects on the designated regional roadway and rapid transit system that are also contained in the 2040 MVRTP, listed below:

- US-85: Cook Ranch Rd to Meadows Pkwy Widening
- Northwest Rail: Longmont Intermodal Center
- North Metro Rail: Denver Union Station to Eastlake / 124th Ave; rail, stations parking
- I-25: Santa Fe Dr to Alameda Ave Interchange Improvements
- Central I-70: I-25 to Chambers Road
- Wadsworth Blvd Widening: 35th Ave to 48th Ave
- Broadway Station and I-25 Safety and Access Improvements
- US-85: Highlands Ranch Pkwy to Blakeland Dr Capacity Improvements

- I-25: 120th Ave to SH-7 Managed Lanes
- C-470 Managed Toll Express Lanes: Wadsworth to I-25
- County Line Rd Capacity Improvements: Broadway to University Blvd

The RTP and TIP also includes many other projects that will help to reduce emissions associated with ozone:

- Transit operating funds and bus purchases
- Bicycle and pedestrian facilities
- Travel Demand Management (TDM) programs
- Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) infrastructure
- Traffic signal systems and coordination
- Master plans for areas around transit stations and urban centers

Other representative regionally significant projects in the 2040 MVRTP (not yet funded in the TIP) using federal and state resources include:

- I-25 from south of Castle Rock to DRCOG South Boundary: add one new managed lane in each direction (proposed 2017 amendment)
- Pena Boulevard from I-70 to E-470: widen roadway to eight lanes.
- Wadsworth Parkway (SH-121) from 92nd Avenue to SH-128/120th Avenue: widen roadway to six lanes.
- 104th Avenue from Grandview Ponds to McKay Road: widen roadway to four lanes.
- I-270 from I-25 to I-70: widen roadway to six lanes and reconstruct Vasquez Boulevard interchange.
- US-6 at Wadsworth Boulevard: interchange reconstruction.
- I-25 from SH-66 to WCR 38: add two toll/managed lanes.
- Colfax Avenue from 7th Street to Potomac Street: new Bus Rapid Transit.
- SH-119 from Boulder to Longmont: new Bus Rapid Transit.

Regional highway projects in the 2040 MVRTP using locally-derived funds include:

- C-470 from South Kipling Parkway to Wadsworth: add toll/managed lanes.
- E-470 from I-25/C-470 to I-25/Northwest Parkway: widen to eight/six lanes, build five new interchanges.
- New interchange at I-70/Harvest Mile Road.
- Jefferson Parkway from SH-93 to SH-128: new four-lane toll road, plus 3 partial interchanges.
- Pena Boulevard from E-470 to Jackson Gap Street: widen to eight lanes, plus interchange improvements (proposed 2017 amendment)

All roadway and rapid transit network and staging assumptions through 2040 are shown in the figures found in Appendix A.

Air Quality Modeling Assumptions

The APCD of the CDPHE calculates air pollutant emissions using MOVES. The conformity analysis began in December 2016. The models and assumptions used by APCD in the conformity analysis were consistent with those used in the development of the CO and PM₁₀ SIPs. The MOVES model accounts for estimates of vehicle types by miles traveled, effects on emissions caused by vehicle regulations, street sweeping commitments, and more. The technical support documentation for each of these SIPs is available at <u>http://apcd.state.co.us/tech.aspx</u>.

Control Measures

There are several actions or projects described or assumed in the SIPs that are federally enforceable control measures. PM_{10} street maintenance actions are one of the control measures.

PM₁₀ Street Maintenance Actions

DRCOG must demonstrate that future year estimates of PM_{10} emissions will be less than or equal to the maintenance PM_{10} emissions budgets to show conformity with the PM_{10} SIP. The mobile source PM_{10} budgets are 54 tons per day (tpd) through 2021, and 55 tpd for 2022 and beyond.

AQCC Regulation 16 is essential to the control of mobile source emissions. Adopted on August 15, 1991, the regulation has undergone several revisions, with the latest occurring on April 19, 2001. Re-entrained road dust in the Denver metropolitan area from winter street sanding causes between 40 and 60 percent of PM₁₀ emissions. It is the single largest contributor to PM₁₀ emissions³. Regulation 16 targets street sanding and sweeping practices. Since October 1, 1991, street sanding material providers have been required to meet set standards for the sanding materials they provide to state, city, and county governments. The regulation applies to both new and recycled sanding materials. All materials must meet

 $^{^3}$ In June 1998, the Colorado Department of Transportation, with technical assistance of Midwest Research Institute, concluded a study of the role of sand in PM₁₀ emissions. Findings from this study demonstrated that the percentage of the total PM₁₀ emissions from road traffic that consist of road dust increases from about 50 percent to as much as 80 or 90 percent during the high impact 24-hour period following road sanding. Previously, the PM₁₀ emissions analysis had been using a sand share of 33.8 percent or about half of the recent study findings. Increasing the role of sand in producing PM₁₀ emission increases the benefits of reduced street sanding. Over the past few years, local governments, CDOT, RTD and the E-470 Public Highway Authority have made major strides to reduce PM₁₀ emissions from street sanding levels and increasing the sweeping of sanded streets within four days of each snow storm from none to 40 percent.

requirements regulating their angularity, percent fines, and degree of durability. The burden of material testing to meet these standards falls on the private companies supplying the materials. An independent laboratory must conduct all testing.

Reductions in the applied amount of sanding material are also set for all of the local governments and street maintaining agencies (CDOT, RTD, E-470 Authority, Northwest Parkway Authority) within the nonattainment area. A reduction of 30 percent from their established baseline amount is mandated. Baseline amounts are typically based on 1989 practices. In the defined "foothills" area, a 20 percent reduction from the established baseline is mandated. In addition to the above requirements, there are specific requirements to the City and County of Denver and CDOT:

- The City and County of Denver shall achieve a 72% reduction within the Denver central business district (CBD). The CBD is defined as the area bounded by and inclusive of Colfax Avenue, Speer Boulevard, Wynkoop Street, 20th Street, and Broadway.
- CDOT shall achieve a 54% reduction from Interstate 25 and its entrance/exit ramps between 6th Avenue and University Boulevard.
- The City and County of Denver and CDOT shall achieve a 50% reduction on roadways within the area bounded by, and including, Federal Boulevard, Downing Street, 38th Avenue, and Louisiana Avenue.

Records and reports of the reductions and practices used must be submitted yearly to the APCD and the RAQC.

Finally, Regulation 16 sets rules for street sweeping to achieve reductions in PM₁₀ emissions. These rules include time requirements for sweeping after deployments of street sanding materials, definition of the sweeping techniques to be used, and targeted areas for increased sweeping. Record keeping and reporting of dates, equipment use, and areas swept are required under these rules.

Preliminary estimates of emissions for the original 2035 RTP in 2012 indicated that PM₁₀ emissions would be higher than the 55 tpd emissions budget after accounting for the impacts of Regulation 16. Because of this anticipated exceedance of the PM₁₀ emissions budget, local governments and road agencies were asked to provide commitments to further reduce emissions as part of the RTP update. These commitments are for additional reductions in sand

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application and an increase in street sweeping activities, above and beyond Regulation 16, to further reduce mobile source PM_{10} emissions. In 2014, 40 agencies submitted their commitments to DRCOG.

Actions that can be employed to achieve PM₁₀ reductions include:

- Reducing the total amount of sanding materials used.
- Using anti-icers, deicers, and other sand substitutes in place of sanding materials.
- Street sweeping within four days of each snow event.

The local governments and agencies have decided on the combination of the above actions to meet their commitments. The street sanding and sweeping commitments made by local governments and road agencies in 2014 are detailed in Appendix C.

The 2040 MVRTP identifies approximately \$60 million over a 26-year period in CMAQ and local match funds for air quality programs and purchases. Some of this \$60 million may fund additional sweeper and deicer equipment.

The PM₁₀ maintenance plan also identifies a test whereby the region must demonstrate that transportation construction emissions do not exceed those assumed in the emissions budgets. The budgets were established on the assumption that all of the facilities in the 2020 Fiscally Constrained RTP, the RTP in effect at the time the PM₁₀ SIP was adopted, would be constructed at rates of 11.4 lane-miles per year for freeways and 62.7 lane-miles per year for major regional and principal arterials. To pass the test, the rate of lane-mile construction in the 2020 Fiscally Constrained RTP. The rate of construction for the 2040 MVRTP is about 7.9 lane-miles per year for freeways/tollways and 31.1 lane-miles per year for major regional arterials. Thus, the construction emissions of the 2040 MVRTP are less than the construction emissions assumed in the budgets and the test is passed.

Other Mobile Source Reduction Measures

Two categories of measures to reduce regional emissions are funded and will be conducted across the region, but are not specifically reflected or analyzed in the future year transportation and air quality modeling:

- Travel demand management (TDM) programs such as DRCOG's Regional Way to Go Program, transit pass subsidies, and other TDM actions will help to reduce the amount of single-occupant-vehicle driving by the growing population of the region. TDM efforts will also take advantage of the increased provision of pedestrian and bicycling facilities across the region.
- The DRCOG Regional Transportation Operations Improvement Program will implement projects that allow the transportation systems to operate much more efficiently. The projects cover four key areas:
 - Traffic signal system equipment
 - Traffic signal coordination and timing
 - o Transportation incident management and communications
 - Intelligent transportation systems (ITS) technological improvements covering a range of communications (vehicle and infrastructure), monitoring, public information, and other projects

Emission Test Results

The results of emissions tests are reported in Table 4. The emissions estimates were generated by APCD using transportation inputs and emissions models. The test results do not indicate any failures in the horizon years of the program or plan that would lead to a finding of non-conformity.

The emissions test results for the Denver region are less than all of the budgets listed in Table 4.

Table 4

Conformity Emissions Test Results

Pollutant and Area	Test	Result <budget (tons per day)</budget 	Pass/Fail
Carbon Monoxide in	2020 Staging ≤ Budget	472 < 1,625	Pass
Denver	2021 Staging ≤ Budget ⁴	453 < 1,600	Pass
Attainment Maintenance	2030 Staging ≤ Budget	290 < 1,600	Pass
Area	2040 MVRTP ≤ Budget	205 < 1,600	Pass
Carbon Monoxide in	2020 Staging ≤ Budget	9 < 43	Pass
Longmont Attainment	2030 Staging ≤ Budget	6 < 43	Pass
Maintenance Area	2040 MVRTP ≤ Budget	4 < 43	Pass
	2020 Staging ≤ Budget	27 < 54	Pass
DM	2022 Staging ≤ Budget ⁵	28 < 55	Pass
PM ₁₀	2030 Staging ≤ Budget	31 < 55	Pass
	2040 MVRTP ≤ Budget	33 < 55	Pass
	2020 Staging ≤ Budget	39 < 70	Pass
NO _x associated with PM ₁₀	2022 Staging ≤ Budget ⁶	34 < 56	Pass
INOx associated with PIVI10	2030 Staging ≤ Budget	22 < 56	Pass
	2040 MVRTP ≤ Budget	16 < 56	Pass

 ⁴ 2021 derived from interpolation of 2020 and 2030 emission estimates.
 ⁵ 2022 derived from interpolation of 2020 and 2030 emission estimates.
 ⁶ 2022 derived from interpolation of 2020 and 2030 emission estimates.

APPENDIX A

TRANSPORTATION NETWORK ASSUMPTIONS

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Appendix A - 2040 Metro Vision Regional Transportation Plan Fiscally Constrained Roadway & Rapid Transit Capacity Improvements Remaining Project Cost Allocations (FY 2016 - 2040)

March 2019

Roadway	CDOT Roa	ad Project Location (Limits)	Improvement Type	Length (Miles)	Network Staging Period	Remaining Project Cost (FY '15 \$millions)	County
A. Regional Road	dway Syste	m Projects					
1. Regionally Funded	with DRCOG-	Controlled Funds					
56th Ave.		Havana St. to Pena Blvd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	4.3	2020-2029	\$45.0	Denver
88th Ave.		I-76 NB Ramps to SH-2	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.7	2020-2029	\$21.5	Adams
104th Ave.	SH-44	Colorado Blvd. to McKay Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	0.7	2020-2029	\$8.1	Adams
120th Ave.		Allison St. to Emerald St.	New 6 Lanes	0.4	2015-2019	\$0.0 (1)	Broomfield
Arapahoe Rd.	SH-88	Havana St. (or Jordan Rd.)	New Grade Separation		2030-2040	\$16.0	Arapahoe
County Line Rd.		Phillips St. to University Blvd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.2	2020-2029	\$9.5	Douglas
Hampden Ave./ S. Havana St.	SH-30	Florence St. to s/o Yale Ave.	Widen from 5 to 6 Lanes	1.4	2030-2040	\$14.0	Denver
-25	1-25	Lincoln Ave.	Interchange Capacity		2020-2029	\$49.4	Douglas
-25	1-25	Broadway	Interchange Capacity		2020-2029	\$50.0	Denver
-25	1-25	Ridgegate Pkwy. to County Line Rd. S. Ramps	Widen from 6 to 8 Lanes	2.7	2015-2019	\$0.0 (1)	Douglas
-70	I-70	I-25 to Chambers Rd.	Add 2 New Managed Lanes	3.8	2020-2029	\$1,175.7 (2)	Denver/Adams
Cipling St.	SH-391	Colfax Ave. to I-70	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	3.0	2030-2040	\$18.0	Jefferson
Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd.		Havana St./Iola St. to Peoria St.	Widen 2 to 4 Lanes; New 4 Lane Road	1.0	2015-2019	\$15.0	Denver
Parker Rd.	SH-83	Quincy Ave. to Hampden Ave.	Widen from 6 to 8 Lanes	1.0	2030-2040	\$18.5	Arapahoe
Pena Blvd.		I-70 to E-470	Widen from 4 to 8 Lanes	6.4	2020-2029	\$55.0	Denver
Quebec St.	SH-35	35th Ave. to Sand Creek Dr. S.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	1.2	2020-2029	\$11.0	Denver
Ridgegate Pkwy.		Havana St. to Lone Tree E. City Limit	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.8	2020-2029	\$8.0	Douglas
SH-7	SH-7	164th Ave. to Dahlia St.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2.2		\$24.0	Adams
		164th Ave. to York St.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	0.8	2020-2029		Adams
		Big Dry Creek to Dahlia St.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	0.8	2020-2029		Adams
Sheridan Blvd.	SH-95	I-76 to US-36	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	4.5	2020-2029	\$23.0	Adams/Jeffersor
JS-6	US-6	Federal Blvd. to Bryant St.	Interchange Capacity		2015-2019	\$0.0 (1)	Denver
JS-36	US-36	I-25 Express Lanes to Table Mesa Dr.	Add 1 Toll/Managed Lane each direction	17.2	2015-2019	\$0.0 (1)	Regional
JS-36	US-36	Sheridan Blvd.	Interchange Capacity		2015-2019	\$0.0 (1)	Jefferson
JS-85	US-85	Highlands Ranch Pkwy. to n/o County Line Rd.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	2.1	2020-2029	\$50.1	Douglas
Vadsworth Blvd.	SH-121	35th Ave. to 48th Ave.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	1.2	2020-2029	\$31.0	Jefferson
Wadsworth Pkwy.	SH-121	92nd Ave. to SH-128	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	3.7	2030-2040 A.1. Subtotal:	\$31.6 \$1.674.4	Jefferson

Notes

(1) Project funds have been fully obligated prior to FY '15; project was under construction in FY '15.
 (2) Includes DRCOG contribution of \$50 million. CDOT-derived funds make up \$1,125.7 billion.

2. Regionally Funded with CDOT-Controlled Funds

21 negronany rana							
C-470	C-470	Wadsworth Blvd. to I-25	Add Toll Managed Lanes			\$220.0	Douglas/Jefferson
		EB: Wadsworth Blvd. to I-25	Add 1 New Toll/Managed Lane	10.8	2015-2019		Douglas/Jefferson
		WB: 1-25 to Colorado Blvd.	Add 2 New Toll/Managed Lanes	4.1	2015-2019		Douglas
		WB: Colorado Blvd. to Wadsworth Blvd.	Add 1 New Toll/Managed Lane	8.2	2015-2019		Douglas/Jefferson
Federal Blvd.	SH-88	6th Ave. to Howard Pl.	Widen from 5 to 6 Lanes	0.8	2015-2019	\$23.4	Denver
1-25	1-25	El Paso County Line to n/o Crystal Valley Pkwy.	Add 1 Toll/Managed Lane each direction	15.7	2020-2029	\$300.0	Douglas
1-25	1-25	Arapahoe Rd.	Interchange Capacity		2015-2019	\$50.4	Arapahoe
1-25	1-25	Santa Fe Dr. (US-85) to Alameda Ave.	Interchange Capacity		2020-2029	\$27.0	Denver
1-25	I-25	Alameda Ave. to Walnut St. (Bronco Arch)	Add 1 New Lane in each direction	2.6	2020-2029	\$30.0	Denver
1-25	1-25	84th Ave. to Thornton Pkwy.	Add 1 New NB Lane	1.3	2020-2029	\$30.0	Adams
1-25	1-25	84th Ave. to Thornton Pkwy.	Add 1 New SB Lane	1.3	2020-2029	\$30.0	Adams
1-25	I-25	US-36 to 120th Ave.	Add 1 Toll/Managed Lane each direction	5.9	2015-2019	\$68.5	Adams
1-25	1-25	120th Ave. to SH-7	Add 1 Toll/Managed Lane each direction	6.0	2020-2029	\$55.0	Adams/Broomfield
1-25	1-25	SH-66 to WCR 38 (DRCOG Boundary)	Add 1 Toll/Managed Lane each direction	4.1	2020-2029	\$172.0	Weld
1-225	I-225	I-25 to Yosemite St.	Interchange Capacity		2030-2040	\$43.0	Denver
I-70	I-70	Empire Junction (US-40) to Twin Tunnels	Add/Convert 1 new EB Peak Period Managed Lane	9.6	2015-2019	\$24.0	Clear Creek
1-70	I-70	Twin Tunnels to Empire Junction (US-40)	Add 1 WB Peak Period Managed Lane	9.6	2020-2029	\$50.0	Clear Creek
1-70	I-70	Vicinity of US-6 and Floyd Hill	TBD		2030-2040	\$100.0	Clear Creek
2. Regionally Fund	ed with CDOT-C	ontrolled Funds (cont'd.)					
1-270	I-270	I-25 to I-70	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	6.3	2030-2040	\$160.0	Adams
1-270	I-270	Vasquez Blvd. (US 6/85)	Interchange Capacity		2020-2029	\$60.0	Adams
SH-66	SH-66	Hover St. to Main St. (US-287)	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5	2030-2040	\$19.0	Boulder
SH-119	SH-119	SH-52	New Interchange		2020-2029	\$30.0	Boulder
US-6	US-6	19th St.	New Interchange		2015-2019	\$20.0	Jefferson
US-6	US-6	Wadsworth Blvd.	Interchange Capacity		2020-2029	\$60.0	Jefferson
US-85	US-85	Meadows Pkwy. to Louviers Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	5.7		\$59.0	Douglas

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Appendix A - 2040 Metro Vision Regional Transportation Plan Fiscally Constrained Roadway & Rapid Transit Capacity Improvements Remaining Project Cost Allocations (FY 2016 - 2040)

March 2019

						Remaining	
				Length	Network	Project Cost (FY	
loadway	CDOT Ros	ad Project Location (Limits)	Improvement Type	(Miles)	Staging Period 2020-2029	'15 \$millions)	County
		Meadows Pkwy. to Daniels Park Rd. Daniels Park Rd. to SH-67 (Sedalia)			2020-2029 2020-2029		
		MP 191.75 to Louviers Ave.			2020-2029		
JS-85	US-85	104th Ave.	New Interchange		2013-2013	\$65.0	Adams
JS-85	US-85	120th Ave	New Interchange		2020-2029	\$65.0	Adams
JS-285	US-285	Pine Junction to Richmond Hill	New Interchange		2020-2023	203.0	Adams
33-265	03-265	Pine Valley Rd. (CR 126)/Mt Evans Blvd.	New Interchange		2030-2040	\$14.0	Jefferson
		Kings Valley Dr.	New Interchange		2020-2029	\$14.0	Jefferson
		Kings Valley Dr. to Richmond Hill Rd.	Widen from 3 to 4 Lanes (Add 1 SB Lane) Widen from 3 to 4 Lanes (Add 1 SB Lane)	0.9	2020-2029	\$10.0	Jefferson
		Shaffers Crossing to Kings Valley Dr.		1.4	2020-2029 2030-2040	\$12.0 \$9.0	Jefferson Jefferson
		Parker Ave.	New Interchange				Jenerson
					A.2. Subtotal:	\$1,817.3	
3. 100% Locally Derive	d Funding						
th Ave.		Airport Blvd. to Tower Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$10.2	Arapahoe
ith Ave.	SH-30	Tower Rd. to 6th Pkwy.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.6	2020-2029	\$14.1	Arapahoe
teve D. Hogan Pkwy.		SH-30/Liverpool St. to E-470	New 2 Lane Road	1.3	2015-2019	\$19.9	Arapahoe
teve D. Hogan Pkwy.		SH-30 to E-470	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.3	2030-2040	\$34.9	Arapahoe
teve D. Hogan Pkwy.		E-470 to Gun Club Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	0.3	2020-2029	\$4.9	Arapahoe
th Ave.		6th Pkwy. to Harvest Mile Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	0.4	2020-2029	\$13.2	Arapahoe
7th Ave.		Alpine St. to Ute Creek Dr.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$2.3	Boulder
8th Ave.		Picadilly Rd. to Powhaton Rd.	New 6 Lanes	3.0	2020-2029	\$40.7	Adams
8th Ave.		Powhaton Rd. to Monaghan Rd.	New 4 Lanes	1.0		\$15.0	Adams
			New 2 Lanes		2020-2029		
			Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes		2030-2040		
6th Ave.		E-470 to Powhaton Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	2.0	2020-2029	\$19.4	Adams
6th Ave.		Powhaton Rd. to Imboden Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	5.0	2030-2040	\$24.0	Adams
6th Ave.		Picadilly Rd. to E-470	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$9.7	Adams
6th Ave.		Dunkirk St. to Himalaya St.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	0.5	2020-2029	\$11.5	Denver
6th Ave.		Himalaya St. to Picadilly Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$5.8	Denver
6th Ave.		Pena Blvd. to Tower Rd.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	0.7	2020-2029	\$17.3	Denver
8th Ave.		Washington St. to York St.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$10.4	Adams
4th Ave.		Denver/Aurora City Limit to Himalaya St.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	0.5	2020-2029	\$6.5	Adams
4th Ave.		Harvest Mile Rd. to Powhaton Rd.	New 2 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$6.5	Adams
4th Ave.		Harvest Mile Rd. to Powhaton Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2030-2040	\$10.9	Adams
4th Ave.		Himalaya Rd. to Harvest Mile Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	3.0		\$78.0	Adams
			Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes		2020-2029		
			Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes		2030-2040		
4th Ave.		Powhaton Rd. to Monaghan Rd.	New 4 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$6.7	Adams
i4th Ave.		Tower Rd. to Denver/Aurora City Limits	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	0.5	2020-2029	\$0.7	Denver
i4th Ave.		Terry St. to Kendrick Dr.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.2	2015-2019	\$6.4	Jefferson
6th Ave.		SH-2 to Tower Road	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	5.0	2030-2040	\$46.7	Adams
6th Ave.		Tower Rd. to Picadilly Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	2.0	2030-2040	\$14.7	Adams
6th St. 04th Ave.		96th St. at Northwest Pkwy. to SH-128	Add Toll Lanes	2.3	2020-2029	\$39.4	Broomfield
		Marion St to Colorado Blvd	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	1.6		\$6.3	Adams
04th Ave.		US-85 to SH-2	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.8	2015-2019	\$41.2	Adams
04th Ave. 20th Ave.	SH-44	McKay Road to US-85	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.9	2020-2029	\$40.6	Adams
		Sable Blvd. to E-470	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	2.0	2030-2040	\$29.7	Adams
20th Ave.		E-470 to Picadilly Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	2.6	2030-2040	\$15.5	Adams
44th Ave.		Washington St. to York St.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$12.8	Adams
44th Ave.		York St. to Colorado Blvd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$10.4	Adams
44th Ave.		US-287 to Zuni St.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	3.5	2020-2029	\$21.2	Broomfield
52nd Ave.		Washington St. to York St.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.2	2030-2040	\$11.1	Adams
. 100% Locally Derive	d Funding (c	ont'd.)					
60th Ave.		Lowell Blvd. to Sheridan Pkwy.	New 2 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$3.8	Broomfield
lameda Ave.		McIntyre St. to Rooney Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	0.3	2020-2029	\$2.6	Jefferson
lameda Ave.		Bear Creek Blvd. to McIntyre St.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.3	2020-2029	\$7.6	Jefferson
rapahoe Rd.		Himalaya Way to Liverpool St.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	0.5	2020-2029	\$6.2	Arapahoe
rapahoe Rd.		Waco St. to Himalaya St.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.3	2020-2029	\$20.4	Arapahoe
ayou Gulch Rd.		Parker Road to Parker S. Town Limit	Widen from 0/2 to 4 Lanes	2.4	2030-2040	\$18.4	Douglas
Chambers Rd.							
roadway		Arizona Ave. to Mississippi Ave.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	0.1	2015-2019	\$2.5	Denver
roadway		Kentucky Ave. to Exposition Ave.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	0.3	2015-2019	\$4.8	Denver
roadway		Mississippi Ave. to Kentucky Ave.	Widen from 6 to 8 Lanes	0.3	2015-2019	\$5.0	Denver
roncos Pkwy.		Jordan Rd. to Parker Rd.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	0.8	2020-2029	\$6.9	Arapahoe
roncos Pkwy.		Havana St. to Peoria St.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$8.1	Arapahoe
i oncos i king.							
Buckley Rd.		118th Ave. to Cameron Dr.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.3	2020-2029	\$13.9	Adams

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Appendix A - 2040 Metro Vision Regional Transportation Plan Fiscally Constrained Roadway & Rapid Transit Capacity Improvements Remaining Project Cost Allocations (FY 2016 - 2040)

March 2019

				Length	Network	Project Cost (FY	_
loadway		ad Project Location (Limits)	Improvement Type	(Miles)	Staging Period	'15 \$millions)	County
-470	C-470	S. Kipling Pkwy. to I-25	Add New Toll/Managed Lanes				
		WB: Wadsworth Blvd. to S. Kipling Pkwy.	Add 1 Toll/Managed Lane	1.4	2020-2029	\$45.0	Jefferson
		EB: 5. Kipling Pkwy. to Wadsworth Blvd.	Add 1 Toll/Managed Lane	3.0	2020-2029	010.0	Jefferson
		WB: Colorado Blvd. to Lucent Blvd.	Add 1 Toll/Managed Lane	3.7	2020-2029	\$120.0	Douglas
		EB: Broadway to I-25	Add 1 Toll/Managed Lane	6.6	2020-2029	\$120.0	Douglas
anyons Pkwy.		Crowfoot Valley Rd. to Hess Rd.	New 4 Lanes	4.1	2020-2029	\$19.1	Douglas
entral Park Blvd.		47th Ave. (Northfield Blvd.) to 56th Ave.	New 4 Lanes	0.9	2015-2019	\$4.3	Denver
hambers Rd.		Crowfoot Valley Road to Parker S. Town Limit	New 2 Lanes	0.7	2020-2029	\$3.1	Douglas
							-
Chambers Rd.		Crowfoot Valley Road to Parker S. Town Limit	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	0.7	2030-2040	\$3.1	Douglas
hambers Rd.		Crowfoot Valley Rd. to Hess Rd.	New 4 Lanes	2.3	2020-2029	\$15.4	Douglas
Chambers Rd.		Hess Rd. to Mainstreet	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.9	2015-2019	\$12.6	Douglas
hambers Rd.		Mainstreet to Lincoln Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.4	2020-2029	\$4.4	Douglas
Colorado Blvd.		144th Ave. to 168th Ave.	Widen from 0/2 to 4 Lanes	3.7	2030-2040	\$23.5	Adams
rowfoot Valley Rd.		Stroh Rd. to Chambers Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.4	2020-2029	\$6.4	Douglas
rowfoot Valley Rd.		Macanta Rd. to Chambers Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	3.6	2030-2040	\$22.9	Douglas
rowfoot Valley Rd.		Founders Pkwy. to Macanta Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.1	2030-2040	\$5.1	Douglas
. Bromley Ln.		Hwy 85 to Sable Blvd.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	0.5	2020-2029	\$1.3	Adams
. Bromley Ln.		Tower Rd. to I-76	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	1.1	2020-2029	\$1.9	Adams
-470		38th Ave.	Add New Interchange		2020-2029	\$24.0	Adams
-470		48th Ave.	Add New Interchange		2020-2029	\$26.9	Adams
-470		88th Ave.	Add New Interchange		2030-2040	\$17.6	Adams
-470		I-25 North to I-76	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	11.0	2030-2040	\$100.0	Adams
-470		Potomac	Add New Interchange		2020-2029	\$15.0	Adams
-470		112th Ave.	Add New Interchange		2030-2040	\$17.6	Adams
-470		I-70 to Pena Blvd.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	7.4	2030-2040	\$29.3	Adams/Denver
-470		Pena Blvd. to I-76	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	7.6	2030-2040	\$60.0	Adams/Denver
		I-25 to Parker Rd.					
-470			Widen from 6 to 8 Lanes	5.5	2030-2040	\$45.0	Arapahoe
-470		Parker Rd. to Quincy Ave.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	8.1	2015-2019	\$80.0	Arapahoe/Dou
-470		Quincy Ave. to I-70	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	7.0	2030-2040	\$60.0	Arapahoe
ast County Line Rd.		9th Ave. to SH-66	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2.0	2030-2040	\$9.8	Boulder
rie Pkwy.		US-287 to 119th St.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5	2020-2029	\$14.6	Boulder
ireen Valley Kanch		Chambers Rd. to Telluride St.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	1.5	2020-2029	\$9.9	Denver
heen valley kanch		Chambers Rd. to Pena Blvd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$2.4	Denver
heen valley kanch		Telluride St. to Tower Rd.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	0.5	2020-2029	\$1.7	Denver
ilud Sun Club Rd.		1.5 Miles s/of Quincy Ave. to Quincy Ave.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.6	2020-2029	\$26.7	Arapahoe
Sun Club Rd.	SH-30	Yale Ave. to Mississippi Ave.	Widen from 2/4 to 6 Lanes	2.1	2030-2020	\$10.9	-
	30-30						Arapahoe
lampden Ave.		Picadilly Rd. to Gun Club Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.1	2020-2029	\$12.4	Arapahoe
larvest Mile Rd.		56th Ave. to 64th Ave.	New 3 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$6.5	Adams
larvest Mile Rd.		56th Ave. to 64th Ave.	Widen from 3 to 6 Lanes	1.0	2030-2040	\$7.8	Adams
larvest Mile Rd.		48th Ave. to 56th Ave.	New 6 Lanes	1.2	2020-2029	\$15.9	Adams
larvest Mile Rd.		I-70 to 26th Ave.	New 2/4 Lanes	1.5	2020-2029	620.0	Adams
larvest Mile Rd.		I-70 to 26th Ave.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	1.5	2030-2040	\$20.0	Adams
larvest Mile Rd.		Jewell Ave. to Mississippi Ave.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.0	2030-2040	\$13.3	Arapahoe
larvest Rd.		6th Ave. to I-70	New 6 Lanes	1.1	2020-2029	\$13.3	Adams
larvest Rd.			Widen from 3 to 6 Lanes		2020-2029		
		Alameda Ave. to 6th Ave.	widen from 3 to 6 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$6.7	Arapahoe
. 100% Locally Derive	d Funding (c	ont'd.)					
arvest Rd.		Mississippi Ave. to Alameda Ave.	New 6 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$13.3	Arapahoe
ess Rd.		I-25 to Chambers Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	5.1	2030-2040	\$44.5	Douglas
lilltop Rd.		Canterberry Pkwy. to Singing Hills Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2.7	2020-2029	\$17.8	Douglas
luron St.		150th Ave. to 160th Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.3	2020-2029	\$8.6	Broomfield
luron St.		160th Ave. to SH-7	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.2	2020-2029	\$5.1	Broomfield
	1.05			1.2		•	
-25	1-25	Castlegate Dr.	Add New Interchange		2015-2019	\$15.3	Douglas
-25	I-25	Crystal Valley Pkwy.	Add New Interchange		2020-2029	\$44.5	Douglas
-70	I-70	E-470	Interchange Capacity		2030-2040	\$100.0	Adams/Arapah
70	I-70	Harvest Mile Rd.	Add New Interchange		2020-2029	\$39.6	Adams/Arapah
70	I-70	32nd Ave.	Interchange Capacity		2020-2029	\$22.4	Jefferson
70	I-70	Picadilly Rd.	Add New Interchange		2020-2029	\$27.5	Adams
76	1-76	Bridge St.	Add New Interchange		2020-2029	\$25.4	Adams
nboden Rd.		48th Ave. to 56th Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2030-2040	\$24.0	Adams
nouen nu.		TOULAYE. IN JULI AVE.		1.0	2030-2040	92 4 .0	Auditis
efferson Pkwy.		Initial Phase: SH-93 to SH-128	New 4 Lane Toll Road; 3 Partial Interchanges	10.2	2020-2029	\$259.1	Jefferson
-		Constators Plana			2020 2020		
		Candelas Pkwy.	New Partial Interchange		2020-2029		
		Indiana St. s/o SH-128	New Partial Interchange		2020-2029		
		SH-72	New Partial Interchange		2020-2029		
ewell Ave.		E-470 to Gun Club Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	0.5	2020-2029	\$4.9	Arapahoe
ewell Ave.							
ewell Ave.		Gun Club Rd. to Harvest Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$10.0	Arapahoe

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Appendix A - 2040 Metro Vision Regional Transportation Plan Fiscally Constrained Roadway & Rapid Transit Capacity Improvements Remaining Project Cost Allocations (FY 2016 - 2040) *March 2019*

Remaining

						Remaining	
	000T 0	and the second second		Length	Network	Project Cost (FY	
	CDOT Road	Project Location (Limits)	Improvement Type	(Miles)	Staging Period	'15 \$millions)	County
Jordan Rd.		Bradbury Pkwy. to Hess Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	0.6	2020-2029	\$3.0	Douglas
Lincoln Ave.		First St. to Keystone Blvd.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	1.8	2020-2029	\$8.3	Douglas
Lincoln Ave.		Keystone Blvd. to Parker Rd.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	1.6	2020-2029	\$8.0	Douglas
Lincoln Ave.		Peoria St. to First St.	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	0.7	2020-2029	\$3.2	Douglas
							-
Mainstreet		Canterberry Pkwy. to Tomahawk Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.4	2030-2040	\$7.6	Douglas
Mainstreet		Lone Tree E. City Limit to Chambers Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	0.9	2015-2019	\$7.6	Douglas
McIntyre St.		44th Ave. to 52nd Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2015-2019	\$3.5	Jefferson
McIntyre St.		52nd Ave. to 60th Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$6.5	Jefferson
-							
Monaghan Rd.		Quincy Ave. to Yale Ave.	New 6 Lanes	2.0	2030-2040	\$22.9	Arapahoe
Monaghan Rd.		I-70 to 64th Ave.	New/widen to 4 Lanes	5.0	2030-2040	\$76.0	Arapahoe
		I-70 and 26th Ave.	New 4 Lanes				Arapahoe
		26th Ave. and 56th Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes				Arapahoe
		56th Ave. and 64th Ave.	New 4 Lanes				Arapahoe
Nelson Rd.		75th St. to Affolter Dr.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2.3	2020-2029	\$5.2	Boulder
Pace St.		5th Ave. to Ute Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2.5	2020-2029	\$3.8	Boulder
Pecos St.		52nd Ave. to I-76	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.3	2020-2029	\$8.7	Adams
Pena Blvd.		Tower Rd.			2015-2019	\$3.8	Denver
			Add on-ramp to WB Pena			•	
Pena Blvd.		Jackson Gap St. West Ramps to DIA Terminal	Widen from 6 to 8 Lanes	1.7	2020-2029	\$10.2	Denver
Pena Blvd.		E-470 to Jackson Gap St	Widen from 6 to 8 Lanes	2.9	2020-2029	\$33.0	Denver
Pena Blvd.		Gun Club Rd	Interchange Capacity		2020-2029	\$15.0	Denver
Peoria St.		E-470 to .75 miles s/o Lincoln Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.9	2020-2029	\$4.4	
							Douglas
Peoria St.		.75 miles s/o Lincoln Ave. to Mainstreet	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	0.5	2030-2040	\$4.4	Douglas
Picadilly Rd.		48th Ave. to 56th Ave.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.2	2020-2029	\$13.6	Adams
Picadilly Rd.		56th Ave. to 70th Ave./Aurora City Limits	New 6 Lanes	1.7	2020-2029	\$20.4	Adams
Picadilly Rd.		82nd Ave. to 96th Ave.	New 6 Lanes	1.8	2030-2040	\$21.6	Adams
-							
Picadilly Rd.		Colfax Ave. to I-70	New 6 Lanes	0.3	2020-2029	\$12.9	Adams
Picadilly Rd.		I-70 to Smith Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	0.5	2020-2029	\$5.3	Adams
Picadilly Rd.		Smith Rd. to 48th Ave.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	2.2	2020-2029	\$22.5	Adams
Picadilly Rd.		96th Ave. to 120th Ave.	New 6 Lanes	3.0	2030-2040	\$49.0	Adams
Picadilly Rd.		6th Ave. to Colfax Ave.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.6	2020-2029	\$10.0	Arapahoe
Picadilly Rd.		70th Ave. to 82nd Ave.	New 6 Lanes	1.5	2020-2029	\$11.4	Denver
Plum Creek Pkwy.		Gilbert St. to Ridge Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5	2020-2029	\$5.1	Douglas
Powhaton Rd.		Smoky Hill Rd. to County Line Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.0	2030-2040	\$3.5	Arapahoe
Powhaton Rd.		26th Ave. to 48th Ave.	New 6 Lanes	2.0	2020-2029	\$40.0	Adams
Quali Kun Kd./Impoden							
Rd		I-70 to 48th Ave.	New 4 Lanes	3.0	2030-2040	\$24.0	Adams
Quebec St.		120th Ave. to 128th Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$8.4	Adams
Quebec St.		132nd Ave. to 160th Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	3.5	2020-2029	\$21.0	Adams
Quincy Ave.		Plains Pkwy. to Gun Club Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	0.6	2020-2029	\$13.3	Arapahoe
Quincy Ave.		Hayesmount Rd. to Watkins Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	2.0	2030-2040	\$16.0	Arapahoe
Quincy Ave.		Monaghan Rd. to Hayesmount Rd.	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.1	2030-2040	\$18.9	Arapahoe
Quincy Ave.		Simms St. to Kipling Pkwy.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.0	2020-2029	\$12.0	Jefferson
2 100% Levelly Deviced Fr							
3. 100% Locally Derived Fu	unding (con	ra.j					
Quincy Ave.							
Rampart Range Rd.		Irving St. to Federal Blvd.	New 2 Lanes	0.3	2020-2029	\$3.8	Arapahoe
Ridge Rd.		Irving St. to Federal Blvd. Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd.	New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	0.3	2020-2029 2030-2040	\$3.8 \$10.2	Arapahoe Douglas
5. Boulder Ka./ 160th		Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5	2030-2040	\$10.2	Douglas
Aug.		Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1	2030-2040 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8	Douglas Douglas
		Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2	Douglas Douglas Boulder
SH-2 S	SH-2	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1	2030-2040 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8	Douglas Douglas
	6H-2 6H-7	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2	Douglas Douglas Boulder
SH-7 S		Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to I-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams
SH-7 S SH-7 S	6H-7 6H-7	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to 5H-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to I-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2030-2040 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Broomfield
SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Adams Broomfield Broomfield
SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S	6H-7 6H-7	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to 5H-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to I-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2030-2040 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Broomfield
SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Adams Broomfield Broomfield
SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-30 S	3H-7 3H-7 3H-7 3H-7	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to I-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to I-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Adams Broomfield Broomfield Adams
SH-7 S SH-80 S SH-58 S	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to 5H-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Miden from 2 to 4 Lanes Add New Interchange	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$18.0 \$18.0 \$19.6	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Adams Broomfield Broomfield Adams Arapahoe Jefferson
SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-30 S SH-58 S Sheridan Blvd. S	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to 5H-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blvd. to NW Pkwy.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Add New Interchange Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$18.0 \$18.0 \$19.6 \$7.6	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Adams Broomfield Broomfield Adams Arapahoe Jefferson Broomfield
SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-30 S SH-30 S SH-58 S Sheridan Blvd. S	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to I-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to I-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blvd. to NW Pkwy. NW Pkwy. to SH-7	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Add New Interchange Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1 1.3	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$18.0 \$18.0 \$19.6 \$7.6 \$5.7	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Broomfield Adams Arapahoe Jefferson Broomfield Broomfield
SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-30 S SH-58 S Sheridan Blvd. S	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to 5H-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blvd. to NW Pkwy.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Add New Interchange Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$18.0 \$18.0 \$19.6 \$7.6	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Adams Broomfield Broomfield Adams Arapahoe Jefferson Broomfield
SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-30 S SH-30 S SH-58 S Sheridan Blvd. S	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to I-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to I-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blvd. to NW Pkwy. NW Pkwy. to SH-7	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Add New Interchange Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1 1.3	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$18.0 \$18.0 \$19.6 \$7.6 \$5.7	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Broomfield Adams Arapahoe Jefferson Broomfield Broomfield
SH-7 S Sheridan Blvd. S Sheridan Pkwy. S Smoky Hill Rd. Southwest Ring Rd.	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Pium Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blwd. to NW Pkwy. NW Pkwy. to SH-7 Phesaant Run Pkwy. to Versailles Pkwy. Wolfensberger Rd. to 1-25	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Add New Interchange Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1 1.3 4.4 1.4	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$18.0 \$19.6 \$7.6 \$5.7 \$33.9 \$5.1	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Adams Broomfield Broomfield Arapahoe Jefferson Broomfield Broomfield Arapahoe Douglas
SH-7 S Sheridan Blvd. S Sheridan Pkwy. S Southwest Ring Rd. S Sturber Ring Rd. S	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to 5H-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blvd. to NW Pkwy. NW Pkwy. to SH-7 Pheasant Run Pkwy. to Versailles Pkwy. Wolfensberger Rd. to 1-25 Crowfoot Valley Rd. to J Morgan Blvd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Weve 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Add New Interchange Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1 1.3 4.4 1.4 0.5	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2030-2040 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$19.6 \$7.6 \$7.6 \$5.7 \$33.9 \$5.1 \$6.4	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Broomfield Broomfield Arapahoe Jefferson Broomfield Broomfield Arapahoe Douglas
SH-7 S Shridan Blvd. S Sheridan Pkwy. S Southwest Ring Rd. S Stroh Rd. Stroh Rd.	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Pium Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to I-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to I-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. to Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blvd. to NW Pkwy. NW Pkwy. to SH-7 Phesaant Run Pkwy. to Versailles Pkwy. Wolfensberger Rd. to I-25 Crowfoot Valley Rd. to J Morgan Blvd. Chambers Rd. to Crowfoot Valley Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1 1.3 4.4 1.4 0.5 1.4	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$18.0 \$19.6 \$7.6 \$7.6 \$5.7 \$33.9 \$5.1 \$6.4 \$10.6	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Broomfield Broomfield Adams Jefferson Broomfield Broomfield Broomfield Douglas Douglas
SH-7 S Sheridan Blvd. S Sheridan Pkwy. S Southwest Ring Rd. S Sturber Ring Rd. S	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to 5H-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blvd. to NW Pkwy. NW Pkwy. to SH-7 Pheasant Run Pkwy. to Versailles Pkwy. Wolfensberger Rd. to 1-25 Crowfoot Valley Rd. to J Morgan Blvd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Weve 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Add New Interchange Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1 1.3 4.4 1.4 0.5	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2030-2040 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$19.6 \$7.6 \$7.6 \$5.7 \$33.9 \$5.1 \$6.4	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Broomfield Broomfield Arapahoe Jefferson Broomfield Broomfield Arapahoe Douglas
SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-7 S SH-30 S SH-30 S Sheridan Blvd. S Sheridan Pkwy. S Southwest Ring Rd. S Stroh Rd. Stroh Rd.	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Plum Creek Pkwy. to SH-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blvd. to NW Pkwy. NW Pkwy. to SH-7 Pheasant Run Pkwy. to Versailles Pkwy. Wolfensberger Rd. to 1-25 Crowfoot Valley Rd. to J Morgan Blvd. Chambers Rd. to Crowfoot Valley Rd. Colorado Blvd. to Riverdale Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes New 2 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1 1.3 4.4 1.4 0.5 1.4	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$18.0 \$19.6 \$7.6 \$7.6 \$5.7 \$33.9 \$5.1 \$6.4 \$10.6	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Broomfield Broomfield Adams Arapahoe Jefferson Broomfield Broomfield Arapahoe Douglas Douglas
SH-7 S Sheridan Blvd. S Smoky Hill Rd. S Southwest Ring Rd. S Stroh Rd. S Thornton Pkwy. Titan Rd.	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Pium Creek Pkwy. to S14-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blwd. to NW Pkwy. WW Pkwy. to S1-7 Pheasant Run Pkwy. to Versailles Pkwy. Wolfensberger Rd. to 1-25 Crowfoot Valley Rd. to J Morgan Blvd. Chambers Rd. to Crowfoot Valley Rd. Colorado Blwd. to Riverdale Rd. Rampart Range Rd. to Santa Fe Dr.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Add New Interchange Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1 1.3 4.4 1.4 0.5 1.4 0.5 3.0	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2015-2019 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2019	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$21.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$18.0 \$19.6 \$7.6 \$5.7 \$33.9 \$5.1 \$6.4 \$10.6 \$14.0 \$38.1	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Adams Broomfield Broomfield Adams Arapahoe Broomfield Broomfield Arapahoe Douglas Douglas Douglas Douglas
SH-7 S Sheridan Blvd. S Sheridan Blvd. S Sheridan Rkwy. S Smoky Hill Rd. S Southwest Ring Rd. S Stroh Rd. Thornton Pkwy. Titan Rd. Tower Rd.	6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-7 6H-30	Waterton Rd. to Titan Rd. Pium Creek Pkwy. to 5H-86 120th St. to Boulder/Broomfield County Line 72nd Ave. to 1-76 Riverdale Rd. to US-85 Boulder County Line to Sheridan Pkwy. Sheridan Pkwy. to 1-25 York St. to Big Dry Creek Steve D. Hogan Pkwy. To Mississippi Ave. Cabela St. Lowell Blvd. to NW Pkwy. NW Pkwy. to 5H-7 Phesant Run Pkwy. to Versailles Pkwy. Wolfensberger Rd. to 1-25 Crowfoot Valley Rd. to J Morgan Blvd. Chambers Rd. to Crowfoot Valley Rd. Colorado Blvd. to Riverdale Rd. Rampart Range Rd. to Santa Fe Dr. Colfax Ave. to Smith Rd.	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Add New Interchange Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	1.5 1.1 1.2 7.5 1.5 0.7 2.2 1.1 1.3 4.4 1.4 0.5 1.4 0.5 3.0 1.0	2030-2040 2020-2029 2030-2040 2030-2040 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2020-2029 2030-2040 2030-2040 2020-2029 2015-2019 2030-2040	\$10.2 \$3.8 \$10.2 \$11.7 \$16.3 \$6.6 \$10.2 \$8.0 \$18.0 \$19.6 \$7.6 \$5.7 \$33.9 \$5.1 \$6.4 \$10.6 \$14.0 \$38.1 \$8.7	Douglas Douglas Boulder Adams Adams Broomfield Adams Arapahoe Jefferson Broomfield Broomfield Arapahoe Douglas Douglas Douglas Adams
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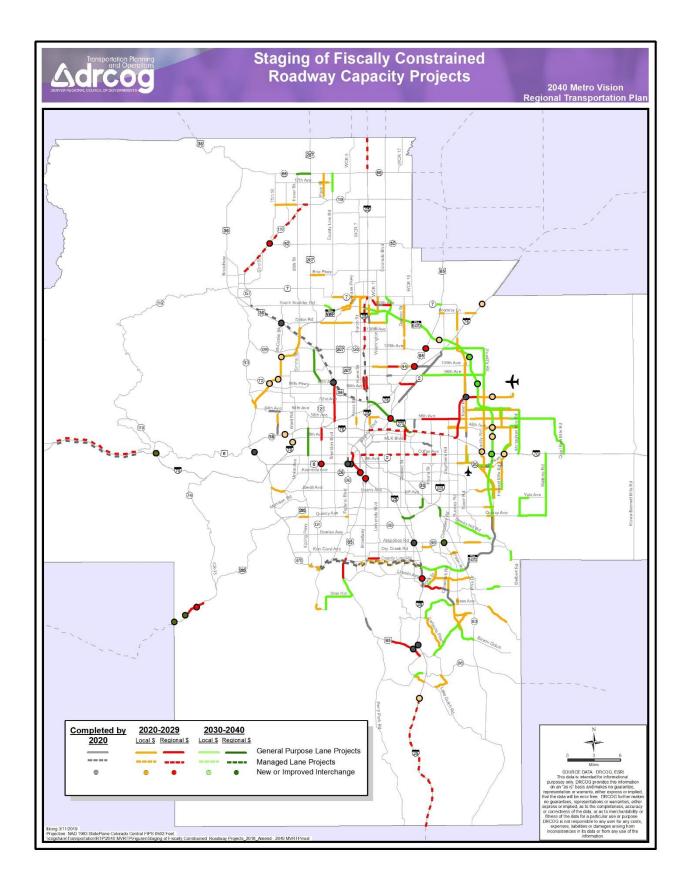
Page 4 of 5

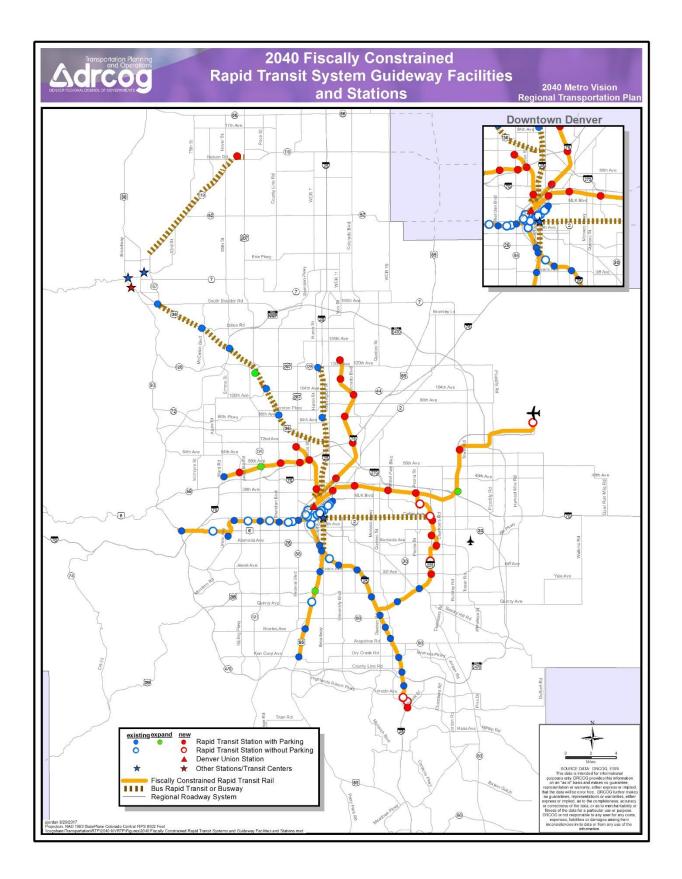
Appendix A - 2040 Metro Vision Regional Transportation Plan Fiscally Constrained Roadway & Rapid Transit Capacity Improvements Remaining Project Cost Allocations (FY 2016 - 2040) *March 2019*

Remain

Project Cost (FY '15 Smillions) Length Network (Miles) Staging Perio CDOT Road Project Location (Limits) ent Type Impro Tower Rd. Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes 56th Ave. to Pena Blvd. 24 2020-2029 \$16.0 Denver Tower Rd. 48th Ave. to 56th Ave. Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes 1.0 2020-2029 \$5.3 Denver Tower/Buckley Rd 105th Ave. to 118th Ave. New 4 Lanes 2.0 2020-2029 \$8.8 Adams US-85 US-85 Titan Rd. to Highland Ranch Pkwy. Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes 2.2 2030-2040 \$5.9 Douglas Add New Interchange US-85 US-85 Castlegate Dr. 2015-2019 \$31.8 Douglas Washington St. 52nd Ave. to 58th Ave. Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes 0.8 2020-2029 \$4.4 Adams Washington St. 144th Ave. to 152nd Ave Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes 0.7 2015-2019 \$28.9 Adams Washington St. 152nd Ave. to 160th Ave. Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes 1.4 2020-2029 \$37.3 Adams Waterton Rd. SH-121 to Campfire St. Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes 1.0 2020-2029 \$12.0 Douglas Watkins Rd. Quincy Ave. to I-70 Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes 7.1 2030-2040 \$54.7 Arapaho Wolfensberger Rd. Coachline Rd. to Prairie Hawk Dr. Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes 1.0 2030-2040 \$7.5 Douglas Yale Ave. Monaghan Rd. to Hayesmount Rd. Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes 1.1 2030-2040 \$17.3 Arapaho York St. 152nd Ave. to E-470 Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes 0.2 2030-2040 \$2.0 Adams York St. 160th Ave. (SH-7) to 168th Ave. Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes 1.0 2020-2029 \$7.5 Adams York St. E-470 to SH-7 Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes 0.7 2020-2029 \$10.7 Adams \$3,561.8 A.3. Subtotal: Grand Total for Regional Roadway System Projects: \$7,053.5 **B. Regional Transit Projects** FasTracks Com Eagle Project \$1,033.2 East Rail Line DUS to DIA Commuter Rail 22.8 2015-2019 Adams/Denve Gold Line DUS to Ward Rd Commuter Rail 11.2 2015-2019 Multiple Northwest Rail Phase 1 DUS to 71st/Lowell Blvd. Commuter Rail 6.2 2015-2019 Adams/De I-225 Rail Line Parker Rd. to East Rail Line Light Rail 10.5 2015-2019 \$476.9 Adams/Arapaho North Metro Commuter Rail DUS to 124th Ave Commuter Rail 13.0 2020-2029 \$606.8 Adams/Denve Southeast Rail Extension Lincoln Ave. to Ridgegate Pkwy. Light Rail 2.3 2015-2019 \$205.9 Douglas US-36 Bus Rapid Transit DUS to Table Mesa Bus Rapid Transit 18.0 2015-2019 \$78.9 Multiple Other FasTracks Projects \$99.4 Other Regional Transit 7th St. to Potomac St. Bus Rapid Transit Colfax Ave. US-40 10.5 2020-2029 \$115.0 Adams/Denver SH-119 SH-119 Foothills Pkwy to US-287 Bus Rapid Transit 11.0 2020-2029 \$57.0 Boulder Total of Regional Transit Projects \$2,673.1

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APPENDIX B

SUMMARY OF TRANSPORTATION MODEL CALIBRATION AND VALIDATION

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Introduction

In support of the conformity determination for the 2040 MVRegional Transportation Plan (RTP), the Denver Regional Council of Governments' (DRCOG) maintains the Regional UrbanSim Socio-economic Model and the *Focus* regional travel modeling system. Travel modeling uses mathematical formulations in computer software programs to show how regional leads to impacts road and transit usage.

The *Focus* model simulates the millions of trips made in the region throughout a typical weekday. The *Focus* model sums all travel to forecast how many vehicles will be driven on major roads; travel speeds; and how many people will walk, bike or use transit. To realistically simulate each person's daily travel, *Focus* and UrbanSim model the many choices each person makes, including:

- (1) where to work
- (2) where to go to school
- (3) how many automobiles are owned by the person's household
- (4) how many trips each person makes in a day, and for what reasons
- (5) which trips are chained together into home-to-home tours
- (6) the address where each trip starts from and goes to
- (7) the travel mode for each trip, with choices including walk and biking
- (8) which major streets or bus routes were chosen to reach each destination

The models take into account many characteristics of people, such as their age, gender, employment status, and income; and how the region will change demographically over time. It also takes into account characteristics of the built environment such as congestion, density, and walkability.

The *Focus* travel model trip origins and destinations were initially estimated based on detailed data from a 1998 survey called the Travel Behavior Inventory (TBI). The TBI project involved multiple surveys of travel in the Denver metropolitan area, including:

- The Household Survey a travel diary survey that gathered complete travel information for an assigned day for approximately 5,000 households;
- The Front Range Travel Survey a survey of vehicles entering and leaving the metropolitan area;

- The Commercial Vehicle Survey a survey that gathered complete travel information from more than 800 commercial vehicles on an assigned day; and
- The Non-Respondent Populations Project an effort to evaluate whether those who did not respond to the survey exhibited different travel behavior than people who did respond to the survey.

In 2016, *Focus* was recalibrated using more recent data sources including roadway counts, transit boardings, American Community Survey Census data, and results from the following surveys:

- RTD's 2008 Regional On-Board Transit Survey a questionnaire handed out to light rail and bus travelers to understand how transit travel patterns have changed since the opening of the Southeast Corridor Light Rail in November 2006. The survey contains information on almost 24,000 transit trips.
- The 2010 Front Range Travel Counts Household Survey A survey of over 12,000 households along the Colorado Front Range, including 7,000 in the DRCOG region, using a format similar to the 1997 TBI Household Survey described above.

The final trip assignment outputs of *Focus* were validated against traffic counts and RTD ridership data to make sure the overall regional travel patterns being forecasted were reasonable. Adjustments were made to delay formulas and roadway capacities to achieve more accurate results.

Demographic Forecasts

DRCOG works with a panel of economists and planners from both the private and public sectors to review current growth trends and evaluate the output of a regional forecasting model. This model relates the regional economy to national economic forecasts. The forecasts are reviewed annually with major revisions expected every five years.

Small Area Development Estimates

To provide development data at a level of detail necessary for the travel model, the regional urban activity forecasts are disaggregated into 2,800 transportation analysis zones (TAZs), as shown in Figure 1. The allocation to TAZs is carried out within the UrbanSim model based on the dynamics of urban land markets and the simulated decisions of land developers, and residential and commercial land customers. The UrbanSim model considers questions such as:

- What parcels of land are profitable for development, and for what uses?
- Where should a firm locate to conduct its business in accordance with zoning regulations, and with suitable access to workers, supplies, and finished product markets?
- Does a family's current residence continue to meet its needs and be convenient to jobs, schools, and other activities, or should the family move to a "better" location?
- What size and types of residence does a family need based on the number and ages of its members and its household income?
- What neighborhoods are convenient to work and offer the amenities the family values?

The UrbanSim model includes a population synthesizer that creates a descriptive database record for each household in the region (about one million records in 2010) and each person (about 2.8 million records in 2010). The effects of several regional planning policies also are taken into account in the model: open space plans affect the amount of developable land in the relevant parcels; the regional Urban Growth Boundary/Area affects expected densities, and the development totals in parcels outside that boundary. Figure 2 shows a flowchart for the process of socioeconomic forecasting in the Denver region.

Figure 1 DRCOG Travel Analysis Zones

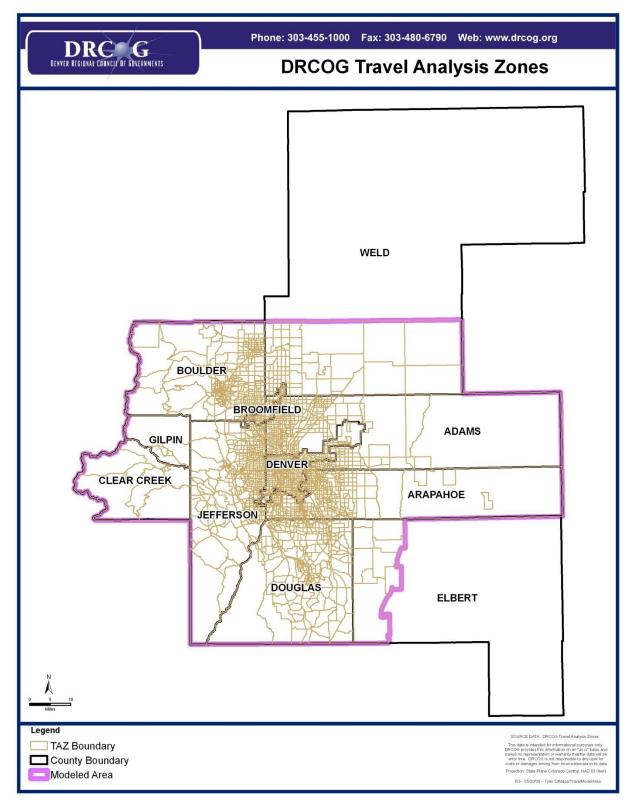
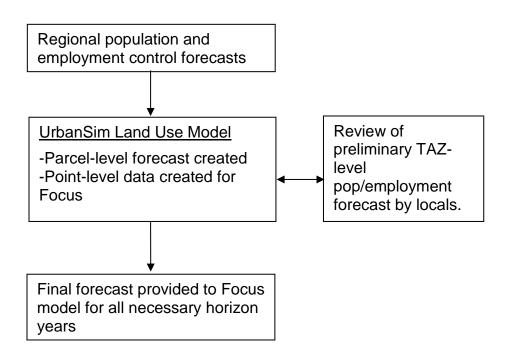


Figure 2 Socioeconomic Model Elements and Flow



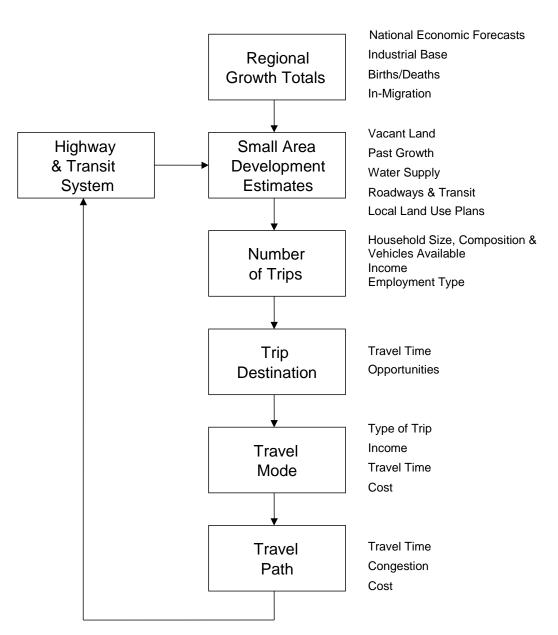
Focus Model Process Overview

Figure 3 shows a simplified diagram of how the *Focus* model components flow after the socioeconomic forecast has been completed.

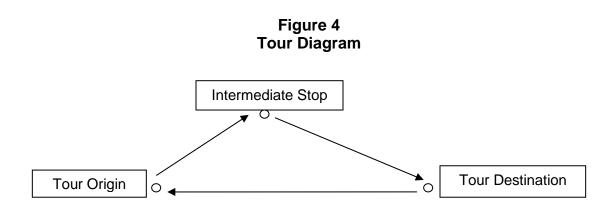
First, travel time and cost information between zones are calculated by travel mode and time of day. Tours are the first travel elements to be created. Figure 4 shows a diagram depicting one tour composed of three trips (shown as individual arrows), and one intermediate stop.

The model runs through a set of steps for each tour, including activity generation, location choice, mode choice, and time of day choice model components. Then the model runs through a parallel set of model components for each trip within a tour.

Figure 3 Travel Model Elements and Flow



Factors Considered



Highway and Transit System

One of the most significant inputs to all travel model components is the transportation network representation. The highway network is represented by over 25,000 directional road segments, described by location, length, number of lanes, functional classification, and area type. High-occupancy vehicle (HOV) and managed lanes also are represented as special links. Tollway links are assessed an additional impedance to reflect toll charges. The model also includes a fully detailed representation of transit facilities, including all bus and rapid transit lines, Park-n-Ride lots, bus stops, and walk access/egress routes. Bus routes follow the same highway network as auto trips, and bus speeds are based on auto speeds. Rail speeds are developed based on transit schedule information. Capture areas for Park-n-Ride lots are quite broad, permitting trip-makers in the model to select the lot that produces the most convenient overall transit path to their destination. As part of the process of estimating highway and transit use, minimum impedance paths are calculated using time, distance and toll cost over the highway and HOV system, and time and cost over the transit system.

Model Components

The most important model components are briefly described in the sections below, and Table 1 lists all model components. Most model components are multinomial logit or nested logit models, which are statistical models that have two or more discrete choice outcomes.

1.	TransCAD Initialization	14. Tour Time of Day Simulation
2.	Size Sum Variable Calculator	15. Tour Primary Destination Choice
3.	TransCAD Trip Generation	16. Tour Priority Assignment
4.	TransCAD Skimming (Path Selection)	17. Tour Main Mode Choice
5.	TransCAD Airport, Commercial Vehicle, and External Travel Distribution and Mode Choice	18. Tour Time of Day Choice
6.	Regular Workplace Location	19. Intermediate Stop Generation Choice
7.	Regular School Location	20. Trip Time of Day Simulation
8.	Auto Availability	21. Intermediate Stop Location Choice
9.	Aggregate Destination Choice Logsum Generation	22. Trip Mode Choice
10.	Daily Activity Pattern	23. Trip Time of Day
11.	Exact Number of Tours	24. Write Trips To TransCAD
12.	Work Tour Destination Type	25. TransCAD Highway and Transit Assignment
13.	Work-Based Subtour Generation	

Table 1. Key Focus Model Components

Highway and Transit Skims (Path Selection)

The highway and transit paths are chosen for all origin-destination zone pairs (2,800 x 2,800) and times-of-day by finding the most convenient paths that balance the travel time, travel cost, and other considerations. The time and cost matrices are used extensively in later model components such as location choice, mode choice, and time of day choice.

Denver International Airport/Commercial Vehicle/Internal-External/ External External Trips

After optimal paths are identified, all Compass model components must be run to generate and assign for airport trips, internal-external trips, commercial vehicle trips, and external-external trips.

Regular Workplace and School Location

The work location choice model takes all regional workers and assigns them a regular work location zone and point. Characteristics of the worker and their home zone are used in combination with zonal characteristics to determine the desirability of any zone.

Similar to the regular work location choice model, the regular school location choice model assigns each student a regular school location zone and school. The model uses information about the student, such as income and age, and information on school enrollment and distance

from home to school to determine which schools will be attractive for which students. There are four school location choice models by student grade level: pre-school, kindergarden-8th grade, 9th-12th grade, and university. Four separate models are used to reflect that the decision-making of school location for different grade ranges has significantly different characteristics. The models are all multinomial logit with the choice being the location of the school zone.

Auto Availability Choice

The auto availability choice model is a multinomial logit model that selects number of automobiles available for each household in the region. The choices range from no cars to 4+ cars. The model uses information about households and their accessibility to work and school to determine how many autos are available to households.

Tour Models

After *Focus* has projected the long-term decisions about work and school location and auto ownership, it forecasts daily activities on a tour-level.

The *day activity pattern* model determines which combinations of up to seven purposes (work, school, escort a family member, personal business, shopping, dining, and social or recreational) a person will make tours or stops along a tour.

The *exact number of tours* model determines how many tours of each type each person will make in his or her day. The tour types predicted for each person include: work, school, escort, personal business, shop, meal, and social recreation.

The *work tour destination type* model determines whether a person making a work tour will travel to his or her usual work location, or somewhere else, perhaps to meet with clients or customers, or for off-site training. If the regular workplace is selected, this information is entered into the tours table in the database.

Work-based subtour generation determines whether someone will leave their regular workplace and return during the middle of the day. Such a person may be eating out, running

errands, or attending meetings, for example. After this point, the *Focus* model treats work-based subtours similarly to home-based ones.

In reality, a person might consider the interactions of destination, mode, and departure time choices together in creating an itinerary for the day's travel and activities. Despite its complexity, the *Focus* model needs to have some simplifying assumptions to make its mathematical relationships and software workable. *Tour time of day simulation* is one such simplification, allowing destination and mode choices to be modeled as if the time of travel is known (so the right time and cost matrices can be used) as an initial guess. The simulated times of days are based on observed survey distributions. The later *tour time of day choice* confirms whether the initially simulated time of day was reasonable, or whether a shift earlier or later might be justified.

The *tour primary destination choice* model selects the destination of tour based the development (e.g., jobs and households) located within the zone. It then assigns a point within each zone as the final destination.

After the tour destination is known, the *tour main mode choice* model predicts the main travel mode used on the tour. The mode chosen is based on the impedances associated with each mode from the tour origin to the tour destination, zonal characteristics, and demographic person characteristics. The tour main mode is used for most of the distance of the tour, but not necessarily for all trips. For example, if a parent is driving a child to school, the return trip would necessarily be driving alone. In other cases, stops along a tour might be close enough that walking or biking would be more attractive than a motorized tour mode. The tour and trip modes are related by rules of precedence used to simplify the *Focus* model.

Given the known tour origin, destination and mode from previous models, the *tour arrival and departure time model* predicts the time arriving at the primary destination of the tour and the time leaving the primary destination, both to within one hour periods.

Trip Models

After the tour-level models are run, a series of trip-level models are run. The first trip level model is the *intermediate stop generation* model, which determines the number of intermediate stops on each tour (if any).

43

As with the tour models, there is a *trip time of day simulation* component to simplify the location and mode choices that are modeled next.

The *intermediate stop location choice* model selects the zone for each intermediate stop. The locations of all intermediate stops on tours are modeled one at a time, first for stops from home to the primary activity and then for stops from the primary activity to home.

The *trip mode choice* model determines the trip mode for all trips. The tour mode is used in combination with skim data, zonal data, and person data to find the modes for each trip on these tours.

Given the origin, destination and mode of each trip, the *trip time of day choice* model predicts the time each intermediate stop will occur. The trip time of day choice model has 24 alternatives corresponding to each hour period.

After the trip models have been run, the following information is known for every trip internal to the region:

- Origin and Destination Zone and Point Location
- Trip Purpose (work, school, escort, personal business, shop, social recreation)
- Trip Mode (drive alone, shared ride 2, shared ride 3+, walk to transit, drive to transit, walk, bike, school bus)
- Trip Time of Day (one of 24 hours)
- Which tour the trip is part of
- What person made the trip
- What household the person who made the trip belongs

The *write trips to TransCAD* component assembles the individual records for auto and transit trips into origin-destination trip tables (matrices) that TransCAD can use for assignment. These trip tables are then combined with those developed for DIA, commercial vehicle, internal-external, external-internal, and external-external trips developed earlier.

Network Assignment

Household vehicle trips are assigned to the highway network via a "user equilibrium" algorithm. Commercial vehicle trips are loaded first using an "all-or-nothing process." The all-or-nothing process simply assigns commercial vehicle trips to the shortest path between origin and destination, ignoring possible congestion effects that might cause trips to take different paths. The user equilibrium process assigns the trips between each origin and each destination TAZ in such a way that, by the end of the process, no trip can reduce its travel time by changing its path. The process takes into account the congestion produced by all other trips in the region, each trip is following its minimum path. High-occupancy vehicles (HOV) are loaded simultaneously with single-occupant vehicles (SOV). During this process, TransCAD keeps track of which vehicles are eligible to use HOV facilities, and which might need to pay a toll to use High-Occupancy/Toll (HOT) lanes, such as the reversible I-25 Express Lanes north of downtown Denver. The model also takes into account the effect of toll costs in roadway route choice by converting toll costs into equivalent time cost using an estimated value of time for automobile trip-makers.

Transit assignment is performed separately, using an all-or-nothing algorithm that does not take into account the possibility that high demand or crowding on some transit routes may motivate some riders to shift to other routes. RTD has special modeling tools that allow them to use *Focus* model forecasts for more detailed operational planning.

Finally, the model is run several times, feeding back the output speeds from highway assignment to the input stages that require them as input (among them, the trip distribution stage) until the output speeds and the input speeds match closely enough.

Model Calibration

Each *Focus* model component was calibrated to 2010 inputs, comparing the model "forecast" for 2010 to external data sources such as:

- 2010 American Community Survey (ACS)
- 2010 Colorado state demographer data
- 2010 HPMS estimated regional VMT
- 2010 Regional Transportation District (RTD) transit boardings

Once comparisons were made of model results against the observed datasets, each model component was calibrated. The calibration involved changing the coefficients describing the mathematical models and travel, and adding variables. Then the model was re-run, results compared again, and modifications made again. This process was repeated until satisfactory results were achieved.

The major regional level model results of the calibration are shown in Table 2 and Table 3. These tables demonstrate that the aggregate model results reflect the observed counts and transit boardings sufficiently well. When summed over the region, the links with observed traffic counts were observed to carry about 28.0 million vehicles per weekday. The sum of Focus Model estimates was within one percent difference.

Sum of	Sum of
Observed Counts	Modeled Volume
ADT	ADT
77,400,000	76,500,000

Table 2. Sum of Observed Counts & Modeled Volumeson (Non-Tollway) Links with Counts

Table 3. Observed and Modeled Transit Boardings

Observed	Modeled
Transit Boardings	Transit Boardings
318,000	347,000

Air Quality Modeling

Formal air pollutant emissions modeling is conducted by the APCD. However, DRCOG, the APCD, and other agencies work closely together in this effort, both in developing the modeling techniques, assumptions, and parameters, and in executing the model runs. Travel model link speed and VMT results are one of the principal inputs to the air pollutant emissions model. The model produces estimates of the amount of emissions of carbon monoxide (CO), volatile organic

compounds (VOCs), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), and particulate matter (PM10) generated by motor vehicles. The results are then combined with numerous assumptions concerning meteorology and atmospheric chemical reactions to produce air pollutant concentration estimates.

APPENDIX C

MODELING SUMMARY TABLE

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Table 1 – Denver Regional Council of Governments

	2015	2040
Total Population	3,181,316	4,360,742
Employment	1,712,408	2,395,190
Dwelling Units (Households)	1,285,361	1,837,423
Persons/Dwelling Unit (Household)	2.48	2.37
VMT by Roadway Type		
-Freeway	29,824,503	44,112,850
-Expressway	4,546,483	6,627,635
-Principal	22,526,189	32,454,510
-Minor	8,306,574	12,386,838
-Other (Collectors, Centroid Connectors, Ramps)	15,918,817	24,464,864
Total	81,122,566	120,046,697
Speed by Roadway Type (miles per hour)		
-Freeway	57.4	52
-Expressway	42.2	38.9
-Principal	31.6	29.9
-Minor	28.6	25.4
-Other (Collectors, Centroid Connectors, Ramps)	26.8	26.5
Total (Average Speed)	36.4	34.1
Lane Miles by Roadway Type		
-Freeway	2,095	2,424
-Expressway	522	569
-Principal	3,980	4,791
-Minor	2,981	3,388
-Other (Collectors, Centroid Connectors, Ramps)	6,496	8,425
Total	16,073	19,597

Assumptions for the Entire Modeling Area and Data for Base and Future Years

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APPENDIX D

PM10 STREET EMISSIONS REDUCTION COMMITMENTS

(intentionally blank)

Adams County

Geographic Area of Commitment	Reduction Conformity For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	61.4%
Domain	2025	61.4 %
	2035	61.4 %
	2040	61.4 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions	
compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.	

Name

0-10-14 Date

Title

Signature needed from Chairman, County Board of Commissioners, Mayor/City Manager of Municipality, or Agency Executive Director.

APPROVED AS TO FORM

Arapahoe County

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	55 %
	2025	55 %
	2035	55 %
	2040	55 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Dincetor of Public Works

City of Arvada

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitments			
Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment	
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	715 %	
	2025	74.5 %	
	2035	71.5 %	
	2040	71.5 %	

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name Mark G. Diven Name Mark G. Diven City Manager Title Lity Manager

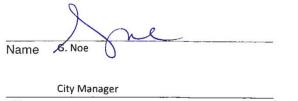
-D1-14 Date

City of Aurora

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	45 %
	2025	45 %
	2035	45 %
	2040	45 %

	2040	45 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.



5/1/14 Date

.

Title

City of Boulder

PM10 Emission	Reduction Conformity	Commitments
Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	70 %
	2025	70 %
	2035	70 %
	2040	70 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

5/16/14 Date

Jan 5 Branger, City of Beulder Title

Boulder County

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitments				
Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment		
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	31_%		
τ.	2025	31 %		
	2035	31 %		
	2040	31 %		

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

-DocuSigned by:	
66741196D6C0495	May 20, 2014
Name	Date

Vice-Chair, Board of County Commissioners

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Title

.

Signature needed from Chairman, County Board of Commissioners, Mayor/City Manager of Municipality, or Agency Executive Director.

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City of Brighton

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	55 %
	2025	55 %
	2035	55 %
	2040	55 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name

5-8-14 Date

Brighton City Manager

Title

City and County of Broomfield

Geographic Area of Commitment	Reduction Conformity For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	68.2 %
	2025	68.2 %
	2035	48.2 %
	2040	48.2 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Yck -An Manager Name) UL Title

Castle Rock

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
PM10	2015	58.5 %
Attainment/Maintenance Area	2025	58.5 %
	2035	58,5 %
	2040	58.5 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions

compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Mak ren

1/24/14 Date

Title TOWN MANAGER

DRCOG JUN 1 2014 RECEIVED

2040 Regional Transportation Plan Conformity PM10 Emission Reduction Commitments

City of Centennial

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	30 %
Doman	2025	30 %
	2035	30 %
	2040	30 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Danielson John aget

Title

City of Commerce City

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	45 %
	2025	45 %
	2035	45 %
	2040	45 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name C:1, Manager Title

6.16.14 Date

City of Cherry Hills Village

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitments		
Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	55 %
	2025	55 %
	2035	55 %
	2040	55 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name

05/14/14 Date

Title

Colorado Depti of Transportation, Region 1 P/Ico Enission Reduction Conformity Commitments

2040 Regional Transportation Plan Conformity PM10 Emission Reduction Commitments

Colorado Dept. of Transportation, Region 1 PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitments

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
Sweep Box	2015	75 %
	2025	75 %
	2035	75 %
	2040	75 %
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	75 %
	2025	75 %
	2035	75 %
	2040	75 %

HOT lanes and future toll lanes with CDOT oversight

All othe	er CDOT Region 1 Roa	dways
Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
Sweep Box	2015	83 %
	2025	83 %
	2035	83 %
	2040	83 %
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	58 %
	2025	58 %
	2035	58 %
	2040	58 %

1 of 2

Colorado Dept. of Transportation, Region 4 F1010 Emission Resultan Conformity Commitments

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

____ Name

1/18/2017 Date

Region & Transportation Director

Signature needed from Chairman, County Board of Commissioners. Mayor/City Manager of Municipality, or Agency Executive Director.

2 of 2

Colorado Dept. of Transportation, Region 4

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	55 %
	2025	55 %
	2035	55 %
	2040	55 %

PM10	Emission	Reduction	Conformity	Commitments
FINITO	EIIIISSIUII	neuluction	COMONING	Communents

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Eddie Gentry Name

5/12/14 Date

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Board Officers Jack Hilbert, Chair Jackie Millet, Vice Chair Elise Jones Secretary Doug Tisdale, Treasurer Sue Horn, Immediate Past Chair Jennifer Schafele. Executive Director

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April 10, 2014

Ms. Ann Jennings Town Administrator/Clerk Columbine Valley 2 Middlefield Road Columbine Valley, CO 80123

Dear Ms. Jennings:

The Denver Regional Council of Governments (DRCOG) is preparing to demonstrate to the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that the new 2040 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) and associated 2016-2021 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) are in conformity with the Colorado air quality program. A positive conformity finding permits road and transit capacity projects contained in the new 2040 RTP and 2016-2021 TIP to be constructed. Critical to achieving a positive conformity finding is meeting the 2040 fine particulate matter (PM₁₀) emission budget of 55 tons per day for mobile sources.

In order to continue to meet the PM_{10} budget, DRCOG is once again asking local governments and state agencies to commit to road sand reductions and street sweeping actions (compared to the 1989 baseline practices). It is through these commitments DRCOG has been able to demonstrate that the PM_{10} air quality standard will not be violated in the future.

Please indicate below which agency conducts winter maintenance (street sanding & sweeping) for Town of Columbine Valley:

Option I. Conducted by Town of Columbine Valley or contractor(s) hired by Town of Columbine Valley

Option II. Conducted by another agency (e.g. the county or CDOT) or its contractor(s)

Please specify this agency City of LITTLETON

If the answer is Option I, DRCOG is asking you to make PM_{10} emission reduction commitment using the enclosed PM_{10} Emission Reduction Commitment form. This provides an opportunity for Town of Columbine Valley to demonstrate its willingness to assist the region in meeting air quality requirements.

We make life better!

1290 Brozdway • Suite 700 • Denver, Colorado 80203 - 5606 • Tel 303-455-1000 • FAX 303-480-6790 • E-mail: drcog@drcog.org • Website: www.drcog.org

City and County of Denver

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
Sweep Box	2015	68 %
	2025	68 %
	2035	68 %
	2040	68 %
Denver CBD	2015	72 %
	2025	72 %
	2035	72 %
	2040	72 %
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	60 %
Doman	2025	60 %
	2035	60 %
	2040	60 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

2

Name

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14

Macion Public WARKS EXECUTIVE . Title

III. WOLNE

Douglas County

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	55 %
	2025	55 %
	2035	55 %
	2040	55 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

_____ 4DeDoz Name

_____5/2/14 Date

Mainage County Title

Signature needed from Chairman, County Board of Commissioners, Mayor/City Manager of Municipality, or Agency Executive Director.

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E-470 Public Highway Authority

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Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	45 %
Domain	2025	45 %
	2035	45 %
	2040	45 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

1121 Name Title

6/12/14 Date

City of Edgewater

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	60 %
	2020	60 %
	2030	60 %
	2035	60 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

5.19.19 Date Name MGR Title

City of Englewood

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	53.3 %
	2025	53.3 %
	2035	53.3 %
	2040	53.3 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name Jack Alacence Title

14

City of Federal Heights

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	40 %
	2025	45 %
	2035	50 %
	2040	55 %

PM10 Emission	Reduction	Conformity	Commitments
FINITO ETHISSION	ricuaction	oomonity	oonnanonto

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name

.30.14 Date

Town of Foxfield

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	64 %
	2025	64 %
	2035	64 %
	2040	64 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Cheryl Kueckeameister Name Town Administrator Title

<u>6/6/14</u> Date

City of Glendale

Geographic Area of Commitment	Reduction Conformity For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	55 %
Domain	2025	55 %
	2035	55 %
	2040	55 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name

May 15' 2014 Date

City of Greenwood Village

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	57 %
Domain	2025	57 %
	2035	57 %
	2040	57 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions
compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

m Name

b

Cety Title

Jefferson County

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
Foothills	2015	21 %
	2025	21 %
	2035	21 %
	2040	21 %
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	41 %
	2025	41 %
	2035	41_%
	2040	41 %

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitments

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

phill u Name

114-114

DMINISTRATOR Cour

City of Lafayette

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitments		
Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	64 %
	2025	64 %
	2035	64 %
	2040	64 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name Title

Town of Lakeside

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	30 %
	2025	35 %
	2035	45 %
	2040	55 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions

compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

ac Name

<u>4-22-14</u> Date

MAYOR

Title

City of Lakewood

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	45 %
	2025	45 %
	2035	45 %
	2040	45 %

DM10 Emission	Deduction	Conformiter	Commitmonto
PM10 Emission	Reduction	Conformity	Commitments

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Kathleen E. Hodgoon Name Lakewood City Manager

6/8/14 Date

Title

City of Littleton

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	60 %
Domain	2025	60 %
	2035	60 %
	2040	60 %

PM10	Emission	Reduction	Conformity	Commitments
		and the second se		E-insign D

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name

Michael Penny

4/15/14 Date

MANN Title

City of Louisville

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	68.3 %
	2025	68 3 %
	2035	68.3 %
	2040	68.3 %

_____ Deduction Conformity Commit

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name Function Function

DRCOG MAY 2 3 2014 RECEIVED

2040 Regional Transportation Plan Conformity PM10 Emission Reduction Commitments

Town of Morrison

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	75 %
	2025	75 %
	2035	75 %
	2040	73 %

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitments

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name Title

5-20-14 Date

.

City of Northglenn

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitments			
Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment	
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	51.6 %	
	2025	51.6 %	
	2035	51.6 %	
	2040	51.6 %	

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

ame Rucher & Public Leaves Name

N

5 22 2014 Date

Title

Northwest Parkway Authority

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	45 %
	2025	45 %
	2035	45 %
	2040	4.5 %

	20 DF 10 DF 1000	100 C 100 C 100 C	
PM10 Emission	Reduction	Conformity	Commitments
FIVE U CHIISSIUN	neulucion	CONTOLLINE	O O I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name

Date

CEO

Title

Town of Parker

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	60 %
	2025	60 %
	2035	65 %
	2040	65 %

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitmen	PM10	Emission	Reduction	Conformity	Commitmen
--	------	----------	-----------	------------	-----------

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name

TOWN ADMINISTRATOR

05/14/14 Date

Title

Regional Transportation District

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
PM10 Attainment/Maintenance	2015	56 %
Area	2025	56 %
	2035	56 %
	2040	56 %

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitments

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Phillips Name Washing-ton Ά. General Manager

5/27/2014 Date

Title

City of Sheridan

	Reduction Conformity For Staging	Commitments Emission Reduction
Geographic Area of Commitment	Years	Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	40.4 %
	2025	40.4 %
	2035	40.4 %
	2040	40.4 %

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitmen	PM10 Emission	Reduction	Conformity	Commitment
--	---------------	-----------	------------	------------

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

_____ Name MourNing

06/09/2014 Date

- Superintendent; Title

Town of Superior

Geographic Area of Commitment	Reduction Conformity For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	70 %
Domain	2025	70 %
	2035	70 %
	2040	70 %

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

<u>4 | /6/2014</u> Date G. Name

-

own Title

City of Thornton

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	60 %
	2025	60 %
	2035	60 %
	2040	60 %

PM10 Emission	Reduction Conformity	/ Commitments

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Nature Assistant City Mana

<u>4-23-14</u> Date

Title

Signature needed from Chairman, County Board of Commissioners, Mayor/City Manager of Municipality, or Agency Executive Director.

Manager

City of Westminster

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	35 %
	2025	35 %
	2035	35 %
	2040	35 %

PM10 Emission Reduction Conformity Commitments

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Un Name

<u>5/21/14</u> Date

City Manager Title

City of Wheat Ridge

Geographic Area of Commitment	For Staging Years	Emission Reduction Commitment
General PM10 Modeling Domain	2015	55 %
	2025	55 %
	2035	55 %
	2040	55 %

PM10 Emission	Reduction	Conformity	Commitments

It is our intention to pursue the above percentages of PM10 emission reductions compared to the 1989 baseline as goals for the years noted.

Name (PATRICK GOFF)

ALIA NIA GER

Date

Title

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APPENDIX E

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONFORMITY FINDING

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APPENDIX F

LIST OF ACRONYMS

ACT	Agency Coordination Team
APCD	Air Pollution Control Division
AQCC	Air Quality Control Commission
BNSFRR	Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad
CAMP	Continuous Air Monitoring Project
CDOT	Colorado Department Of Transportation
CMAQ	Congestion Mitigation Air Quality
CO	Carbon Monoxide
DRCOG	Denver Regional Council Of Governments
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
FHWA	Federal Highway Administration
FTA	Federal Transit Administration
HOT	High-Occupancy Toll
HOV	High-Occupancy Vehicle
MPO	Metropolitan Planning Organization
MVRTP	Metro Vision Regional Transportation Plan
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NO	Nitrogen Oxide
PM	Particulate Matter
Ppm	Parts per Million
RAQC	Regional Air Quality Council
RTD	Regional Transportation District
RTP	Regional Transportation Plan
SIP	State Implementation Plan
ТСМ	Transportation Control Measures
TDM	Transportation Demand Management
TIP	Transportation Improvement Program
TMA	Transportation Management Area
ТМО	Transportation Management Organization
TSSIP	Traffic Signal System Improvement Program
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds