This legislative summary lists the status of all legislation that the Denver Regional Council of Governments (DRCOG) supports, opposes or monitors during the 2014 legislative session, as of April 16, 2014. For additional information, contact Rich Mauro, senior legislative analyst, at 303-480-6778.

The DRCOG Legislative Policy Statement as adopted by the Board of Directors states, in part:

DRCOG’s legislative activity will be generally focused on the following types of issues:

(1) Proposals of special significance to the Denver region, or which would have a unique effect upon local governments in this region;
(2) Proposals that affect DRCOG as an agency or would affect one or more of its programs; and
(3) Legislation to implement DRCOG special task force recommendations.

Support for or opposition to a bill or legislative funding measure will be given, and be subject to reassessment, according to a bill’s or measure’s consistency with DRCOG’s adopted principles and plans.

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<td><strong>Transportation bills</strong></td>
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<td>HB 1203 Duran/ Lambert</td>
<td>Funding For Digital Trunked Radio System Maintenance - Annually, beginning with FY 2013-14 through FY 2024-25, the bill directs the General Assembly to appropriate a total of $3.5 million from the Highway Users Tax Fund (HUTF) to the Public Safety Communications Trust Fund (trust fund) for the replacement of legacy radio equipment and hardware at radio tower sites. Annually, beginning with FY 2017-18 through FY 2024-25, the bill directs the General Assembly to transfer $3.7 million from the General Fund to the trust fund for software upgrades.</td>
<td>Passed Both Houses/ Oppose</td>
<td>DRCOG opposes “Off-the-Top” appropriations from the Highway Users Tax Fund. The statewide digital trunked radio system provides interoperable radio communications that allow personnel from multiple agencies in different levels of government to rapidly share information and coordinate efforts in emergency situations. The General Assembly established the Public Safety Communications Trust Fund for the acquisition and maintenance of public safety communications systems, including the digital trunked radio system. The bill also authorizes the General Assembly to appropriate moneys from the HUTF to the trust fund for use by the state patrol to maintain infrastructure on the digital trunked radio system.</td>
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<td>HB 1259 Del Grosso/ None</td>
<td>General Fund Transfer To State Highway Fund - Requires the state treasurer to transfer $100 million from the General Fund to the State Highway Fund on July 1, 2014, CDOT is required to: allocate the money among its engineering regions in proportion to the number of state highway system lane miles in each engineering region; and expend the money transferred only for the maintenance, repair, reconstruction, and replacement of existing state highways and bridges.</td>
<td>House Appropriations Postponed Indefinitely/ Monitor</td>
<td>DRCOG supports increased funding for transportation to preserve the system, address congestion and safety, and provide multimodal options for people of all ages, incomes and abilities. Provide a share of increased revenues back to local governments. DRCOG has considered proposals to transfer General Fund moneys to transportation, taking into account this can place transportation funding in competition with funding for other priorities, such as funding for senior services. DRCOG typically has taken positions on such proposals on a case-by-case basis. Staff also is concerned about</td>
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<td>HB 1301 Mitsch Bush/Kerr</td>
<td>Safe Routes to School Program State Funding</td>
<td>Senate Floor/Support</td>
<td>DRCOG supports legislation that promotes efforts to create and fund a multimodal transportation system. DRCOG supports funding for safe routes to schools. Under current law, the Colorado Department of Transportation administers the Safe Routes to School Program. The program distributes federal moneys to local governments and schools for projects to improve safety for pedestrians and bicyclists in school areas. Beginning in FY 2014-15, CDOT will receive no federal moneys for the Safe Routes to School grant programs.</td>
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<td>SB 125 Jahn &amp; Harvey Pabon &amp; Szabo</td>
<td>Transportation Network Companies Regulation</td>
<td>House Appropriations/Amend</td>
<td>DRCOG supports carpooling, vanpooling, and schoolpooling, and infrastructure that facilitates these transportation options to promote transportation demand management.</td>
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<td>- Authorizes the Public Utilities Commission to exercise limited regulatory authority over transportation network companies - companies that match drivers and passengers through a digital network, such as a mobile phone application, for transportation from an agreed-upon point of origin to an agreed-upon destination. Exempts transportation network companies from much of the PUC’s authority. Authorizes the PUC to regulate permit holders with respect to safety conditions, insurance requirements, and driver qualifications.</td>
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<td>SB 012 Kefalas/Exum</td>
<td>Aid to Needy Disabled Program - Economic Opportunity Poverty Reduction Task Force.</td>
<td>House Appropriations/Monitor - staff discretion to support</td>
<td>DRCOG supports increased funding for programs providing services to older adults, persons with disabilities, and their caregivers, especially services that support individuals continuing to live independently in their homes and communities. DRCOG typically supports programs like those in SB 14-012, SB 14-013 and SB 14-014 because they help keep older adults independent and living in their own residences. However, these bills will require an additional estimated $13 million in the state budget. At the same time, with the Board’s support, staff also is pursuing a $4 million increase in the appropriation for senior services. In order to have the flexibility to work with Joint Budget Committee members and supportive legislators, staff requests discretion to monitor or support these bills with the caveat that they are not funded at the expense of our $4 million request.</td>
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<td>The AND program provides payments to low-income Colorado residents from ages 18 to 59 who have been medically certified as disabled and are unable to work for a period of at least six months. The current monthly payment is $175. If a person is later deemed eligible for federal Supplemental Security Income benefits, the state is retroactively reimbursed for any payments made to the person. The bill requires the Department of Human Services to set the monthly assistance payment to be equal to at least 28% of the federal poverty guidelines for a household of one. AND applicants who may be eligible for other state or federal benefits must apply for and accept any such benefits.</td>
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<td>SB 013 King</td>
<td>Allowing Gifts to Old Age Pensioners - For a person eligible for an old age pension, allows the person to receive up to $300 per month in gifts, grants, or donations without reducing the amount of the pension or reporting the gifts, grants, or donations.</td>
<td>House PHC &amp; HS Postponed Indefinitely/Monitor - staff discretion to support</td>
<td>DRCOG supports increased funding for programs providing services to older adults, persons with disabilities, and their caregivers, especially services that support individuals continuing to live independently in their homes and communities. DRCOG typically supports programs like those in SB 14-012, SB 14-013 and SB 14-014 because</td>
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**Aging bills**

- **SB 012 Kefalas/Exum**
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  - The AND program provides payments to low-income Colorado residents from ages 18 to 59 who have been medically certified as disabled and are unable to work for a period of at least six months. The current monthly payment is $175. If a person is later deemed eligible for federal Supplemental Security Income benefits, the state is retroactively reimbursed for any payments made to the person. The bill requires the Department of Human Services to set the monthly assistance payment to be equal to at least 28% of the federal poverty guidelines for a household of one. AND applicants who may be eligible for other state or federal benefits must apply for and accept any such benefits.

- **SB 013 King**
  - Allowing Gifts to Old Age Pensioners - For a person eligible for an old age pension, allows the person to receive up to $300 per month in gifts, grants, or donations without reducing the amount of the pension or reporting the gifts, grants, or donations.
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<td>SB 014 Kefalas/Pettersen</td>
<td><strong>Property Tax/Rent/Heat Fuel Grants For Low-Income</strong> - Expands the property-related expense assistance grants for low-income seniors and individuals with disabilities by increasing the maximum awards, creating a minimum award and increasing the income threshold.</td>
<td>House Appropriations/Monitor - staff discretion to support</td>
<td>DRCOG supports increased funding for programs providing services to older adults, persons with disabilities, and their caregivers, especially services that support individuals continuing to live independently in their homes and communities.</td>
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<td>SB 87 Ulibarri/Fields</td>
<td><strong>Identification Card Issuance Standards - Economic Opportunity Poverty Reduction Task Force.</strong> Requires the issuance of identification cards for an applicant that is at least 70 years old or at least 50 years old and is an honorably discharged or retired veteran of the armed forces using certain documents issued by the United States government to prove name, age and lawful presence. The Department of Revenue is required to promulgate rules to clear up minor spelling discrepancies and to accept alternate documents showing lawful presence. Creates a simplified process for a person to change his or her name to settle name discrepancies.</td>
<td>Passed Both Houses/Support</td>
<td>DRCOG supports services that support individuals continuing to live independently in their homes and communities.</td>
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<td>SB 98 Zenzinger/Schafer</td>
<td><strong>Crimes against At-risk Elders</strong> - Amends provisions of Colorado statutes enacted in SB 13-111, which replaced Colorado’s voluntary reporting statute with a statute mandating reporting of abuse and neglect of at-risk adults. These include clarifying the definition of the crime of exploitation and the procedures for reporting to a local law enforcement agency or county department of social services.</td>
<td>Signed by the Governor/Support</td>
<td>DRCOG supports increases in consumer protections for older adults and their caregivers and, in particular, legislation strengthening the role of the long-term care ombudsman as a resident/consumer advocate.</td>
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they help keep older adults independent and living in their own residences. However, these bills will require an additional estimated $13 million in the state budget. At the same time, with the Board’s support, staff also is pursuing a $4 million increase in the appropriation for senior services. In order to have the flexibility to work with Joint Budget Committee members and supportive legislators, staff requests discretion to monitor or support these bills with the caveat that they are not funded at the expense of our $4 million request. Colorado residents who lack a valid state identification card can find themselves marginalized and excluded from essential services and assistance including access to health care, housing, employment and public benefits. In addition, citizens need a picture ID when opening a bank account, cashing a check, picking up prescriptions, boarding a plane and even entering some government buildings. State IDs are issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles (DMV) within the Department of Revenue. The ID application process can be daunting and confusing to individuals who lack documents required by the DMV. The elderly, for instance, often need IDs for medical care, banking needs and public assistance. For both groups, access to a state ID provides a means to improve independence, economic opportunity and reduce poverty. As operator of an Area Agency on Aging and Long Term Care Ombudsman program, DRCOG is mandated to advocate for older adults, particularly those living in long-term care facilities. Last year, DRCOG supported SB 13-111, which replaced Colorado’s voluntary reporting statute with a statute mandating reporting of abuse and neglect of at-risk adults.
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<td>SB 130 Tochtrop/ Primavera</td>
<td><em>Increase Personal Care Allowance Nursing Facility</em> - The bill changes the personal needs allowance by increasing the minimum amount payable to a resident of a nursing facility or an intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities from $50 to $75 per month and provides for annual cost adjustments.</td>
<td>Passed Both Houses/ Support</td>
<td>As the Long-Term Care Ombudsman for the region, DRCOG is an advocate for the rights of residents in long-term care communities and for improvement in the quality of care in such facilities. A personal needs allowance for residents of Medicaid nursing facilities was enacted by federal law in 1987, at which time the minimum allowance was set at $30. The purpose is to allow for the purchase of clothing and other goods and services that are not reimbursed by any state or federal program. States have the option to set the allowance at a higher rate. The most recent adjustment to the Colorado allowance occurred in 1999, when the allowance was increased to the current $50 from $34.</td>
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<td>SB 143 Steadman/ May &amp; Gerou</td>
<td><em>Payment of Appeals Nursing Facility Cash Fund</em> - The bill authorizes appropriations from the Medicaid Nursing Facility Cash Fund to satisfy settlements or judgments resulting from nursing facility provider reimbursement appeals.</td>
<td>Passed Both Houses/ Monitor</td>
<td>As the Long-Term Care Ombudsman for the region, DRCOG is an advocate for the rights of residents in long-term care communities and for improvement in the quality of care in such facilities. The need for this legislation has been identified by the Joint Budget Committee and the state Attorney General to clarify that prior year rate adjustments, including settlements and appeals, will be handled through a payment process the following year through the Nursing Facility Provider fee. Currently, such adjustments are made through the supplemental appropriations process. The state expects this clarification to reduce the risk of appeals.</td>
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<td>SB 151 Tochtrop/ Young</td>
<td><em>Nursing Home Innovations</em> - Changes the nursing facilities civil penalties law including how the moneys are used to fund innovations in nursing home care. Changes the name of the Nursing Facility Culture Change Accountability Board to the Nursing Home Innovations Grant Board. Increases representation on the board for nursing facilities from 3 to 4. Specifies grants must have a direct impact on the residents of nursing facilities or an indirect impact through education of nursing facility staff. Specifies programs approved for grants must be portable and not proprietary to the grantee so they can be shared without cost to other providers; increases the amount available for grants to $250,000 annually, if the balance in the fund is above $2,000,000. If the balance in the fund falls below $2,000,000, the amount remains 25% of the moneys deposited in the fund the prior year. Appropriates $250,000 from the fund for implementation of the bill in FY 2014-15.</td>
<td>Passed Both Houses/ Support</td>
<td>DRCOG supports increases in consumer protections for older adults and their caregivers and, in particular, legislation strengthening the role of the long-term care ombudsman as a resident/consumer advocate. DRCOG urges the state, when making decisions regarding funding for long-term care communities, to structure such funding to protect the quality of care for residents. HB09-1196 allowed for moneys derived from civil penalties imposed on nursing facilities that are noncompliant with certain regulations governing participation in the Medicare and Medicaid program, to be used to promote the philosophy and practice of “culture change” in nursing facilities. After four years’ experience those involved in the program have agreed that certain changes should be made to the statute to authorize more funding be made available for grants, make the program more accountable, and have a more direct impact on the residents living in nursing care facilities.</td>
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<td>SB 180 Kefalas/ Swalm</td>
<td><em>Transfer Senior Dental Program to DHCPF</em> - The bill moves the existing senior dental care program for low-income seniors from the Department of Public Health and Environment to the Department of Health Care Policy and Financing; directs DHCPF to make grants to Area Agencies on Aging or other grantees designated by an Area Agency on Aging to arrange for dental services for eligible seniors; directs the medical services board to promulgate rules governing the program including itemizing dental services to be covered and maximum fees to be charged for such services; establishes a senior dental advisory committee.</td>
<td>Senate Floor/ Support</td>
<td>DRCOG supports increased funding for programs providing services to older adults, persons with disabilities, and their caregivers, especially services that support individuals continuing to live independently in their homes and communities. This bill redesigns the existing Old Age Pension Dental program currently administered by the Department of Public Health and the Environment as the Dental Health Care program for Low-Income Seniors to be administered by the Department of Health Care Policy and Financing. As introduced, Area Agencies on Aging - like DRCOG - will receive allocations from the state ($3.2 million total</td>
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<td>HB 1017</td>
<td><em>Expand Availability of Affordable Housing</em> - Makes modifications to statutory provisions establishing the Housing Investment Trust Fund, the Housing Development Grant Fund, and the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit. Expands the funding sources.</td>
<td>Senate Floor/Support</td>
<td>DRCOG supports the following principles pertaining to the quality, quantity and affordability of housing in the Denver metro area: • Regional approaches to addressing the affordable housing issue that incentivize local efforts, particularly as they relate to preservation of existing affordable housing stock. • An adequate supply of permanently affordable housing located near job and transit hubs and continued public- and private sector support for such an effort. • Increased state financial support for loan and grant programs for low- and moderate-income housing. • Collaboration among public and private entities, including efforts to develop loan programs and address the jobs-housing connections. • Actions to provide more accessible and obtainable housing options for seniors. The need for more affordable housing has been a longstanding concern in Colorado and the Denver region. DRCOG has long supported efforts to preserve and expand the availability of quality affordable housing. The bill makes modifications to three existing tools to increase their capacity and effectiveness.</td>
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<td>HB 1336</td>
<td><em>2014-15 Long Appropriations Bill</em> - Provides for the payment of expenses of the executive, legislative, and judicial departments of the State of Colorado, and of its agencies and institutions, for and during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, except as otherwise noted.</td>
<td>Signed by the Governor/ N/A</td>
<td>DRCOG supports increased funding for programs providing services to older adults, persons with disabilities, and their caregivers, especially services that support individuals continuing to live independently in their homes and communities. The bill includes a $4.5 million increase in “State Funding for Senior Services.” This money is allocated to the 16 Area Agencies on Aging to provide for services to older adults. DRCOG typically receives over 40% of the funds.</td>
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