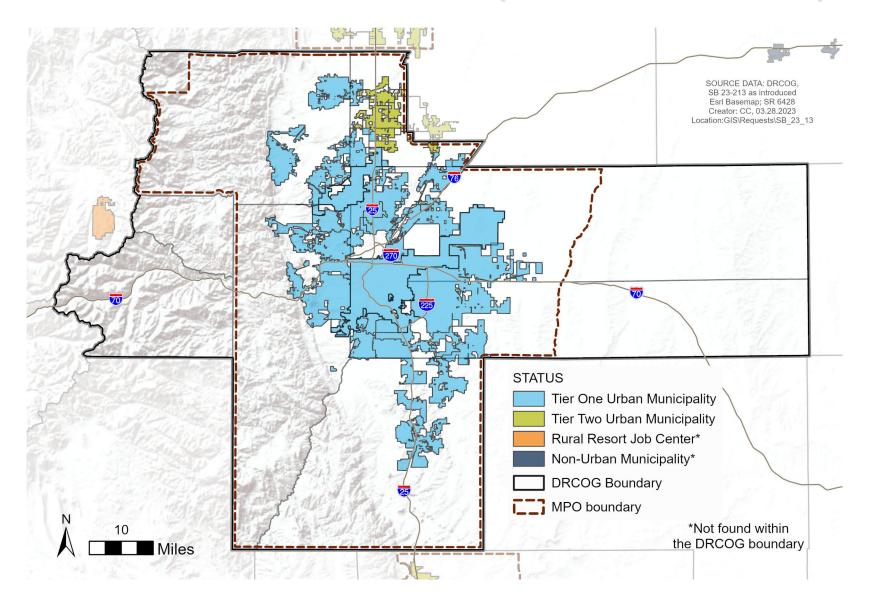


LAND USE LEGISLATION

Colorado Senate Bill 2023-213

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GEOGRAPHIC APPLICATION (AS INTRODUCED)





We make life better! We make life better!



HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENTS

Assessments to be developed

- statewide, regional, and local housing needs assessments
- every five years with 25-year planning forecast

Specific minimum guidance on methods

- housing shortage analysis
- estimate of necessary housing to address demographics and population trends
- jobs-housing balance as it relates to affordable housing for low-wage workers
- measures of homelessness and housing instability
- demographic and population trends forecast from State Demographer

Key roles

Department of Local Affairs (DOLA)

• develop methodology for assessments

DOLA's State Demography Office

consult on needs assessment methodology

multi-agency advisory committee
advise DOLA

Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs)

 boundary to be used by DOLA in regional housing needs assessment

Multi-agency advisory committee has broader membership including staff representatives from MPOs, urban municipality, and rural resort job center



HOUSING NEEDS PLANS

Key elements

- guided by housing needs assessment
- includes buildable land analysis
- menu of affordability strategies in statute
- menu of displacement mitigation strategies
- regional plans can be led by regional entity
- strategic growth objectives

Urban municipality may use existing housing plans County or municipality may participate in regional housing needs plan

Applies in

	Urban Municipalities		Rural Resort Job Center	Non-Urban	Other
-	Tier 1	Tier 2	Municipalities	Municipalities	jurisdictions
Ć	Yes	Yes	Yes*	No	No

Can opt-out if below 25,000 population and annual median household income less than \$55,000

Key roles

Department of Local Affairs (DOLA)

- develop methodology for assessments
- develop guidance for plans
- produce assessments
- develop strategy menus

DOLA's State Demography Office

consult on needs assessment methodology

multi-agency advisory committee

advise DOLA

Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs)

- boundary to be used by DOLA in regional housing needs assessment
- Must develop a buildable land analysis

Multi-agency advisory committee has broader membership including staff representatives from MPOs, urban municipality, and rural resort job center



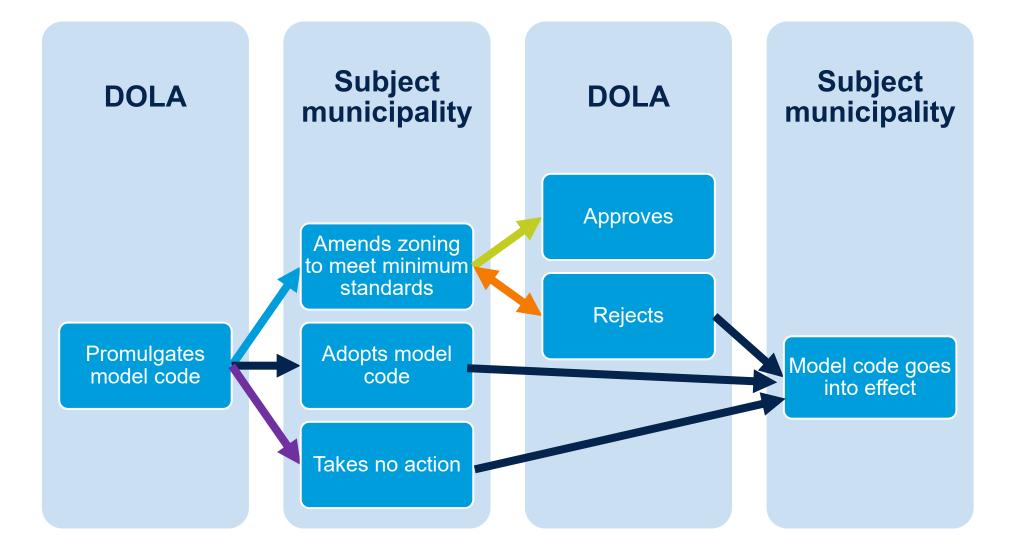
OTHER COMPONENTS OF SB 213

- SB23-213 as introduced
- Accessory Dwelling Units
 - Tier 1, Tier 2, Rural Resort, Non-Urban
- Middle Housing
 - Tier 1, Rural Resort
- Transit Oriented Areas
 - Tier 1
- Key Corridors
 - Tier 1, Rural Resort

- SB23-213 as amended
- Accessory Dwelling Units
 - Tier 1, Tier 2, Non-Urban
- Corridors and Centers Requirements
 - Transit Oriented Areas
 - Tier 1
 - Key Corridors
 - Tier 1, Rural Resort
 - Middle Housing
 - Tier 1



GENERAL IMPLEMENTATION PROCESS





ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS (ADUs)

Location

- Only in subject jurisdictions
 - Tier 1 Urban Municipalities
 - Tier 2 Urban Municipalities
 - Rural Resort Job Center Municipalities
 - Non-Urban Municipalities
- Anywhere in subject jurisdiction where single-family detached dwellings allowed by right (as of Jan. 1, 2023)

Key minimum standards

- Allow ADUs by right
- No off-street parking minimum requirement
- No more restrictive requirements than those for single-family detached
- No minimum rear or side setbacks greater than five (5) feet required of other accessory buildings



CORRIDORS AND CENTERS: TRANSIT-ORIENTED AREAS

Location

- Parcels with at least 25% of their area within ½ mile of existing fixedrail transit station's boarding and exiting location
- Tier 1 Urban Municipalities only
 - not addressing station areas in unincorporated areas of counties

Key minimum standards

 Allow gross average net density of 40 dwelling units per acre in area equivalent to at least 50% of eligible parcels (with some flexibility)

• No off-street parking minimum requirement

Not including parcels

- entirely outside of 2020 Census urbanized area
- without water and sewage service
- in an agricultural, forestry, natural resource preservation or open space
 zoning district as of Jan. 1, 2023
 within wildland-urban interface
- that are registered historic properties
- within floodway or 100-year floodplain
- that include a park or <u>and</u> open space
- subject to a conservation easement
- on or adjoining an industrial site/use
- part of an airport
- with mobile home parks



CORRIDORS AND CENTERS: KEY CORRIDORS

Location

- Frequent transit service areas
 - High-frequency transit service
 - Bus rapid transit service (BRT)
 - Inclusive of planned service (e.g. DRCOG's 2050 Metro Vision Regional Transportation Plan)
- Parcels in frequent transit service areas and within districts allowing certain commercial, public, institutional, multifamily, other nonresidential uses, or mix of uses
- Tier 1 Urban Municipality or Rural Resort Job Center Municipality only (Can opt-out if below 25,000 population and annual median household income less than \$55,000)

Not including parcels entirely outside of 2020 Census urbanized area

- without water and sewage service
- in an agricultural, forestry, natural

resource preservation or open space

zoning district as of Jan. 1, 2023

- within wildland-urban interface
- that are registered historic properties
- within floodway or 100-year floodplain
- that include a park or <u>and</u> open space
- subject to a conservation easement
- on or adjoining an industrial site/use
- part of an airport
- with mobile home parks

Key minimum standards

- Guidance pending on zoning capacity
- Average net density at least 25 units per acre (with flexibility) on area equivalent to 25% total area of eligible parcels
- Allow multifamily residential housing by right
- No off-street parking minimum requirement <u>greater</u> <u>than 0.5 spaces per dwelling unit</u>



CORRIDORS AND CENTERS: MIDDLE HOUSING

Location

- Only in subject jurisdictions
 - Tier 1 Urban Municipalities
 - Rural Resort Job Center Municipalities
- Anywhere in subject jurisdiction where single-family detached dwellings allowed by right (as of Jan. 1, 2023)
- Jurisdiction adopting minimum standards chooses where to apply scaled back amount of required "middle housing area"
- <u>Model code (if not adopting minimum standards) applies within 1 mile of fixed route transit and where</u> single-family detached dwellings allowed by right

Key minimum standards

- Allow structures containing 2-6 separate dwelling units, townhomes, and cottage clusters by right
- No off-street parking minimum requirement greater than 0.5 spaces per dwelling unit
- No more restrictive requirements than those for single-family detached
- Allow at least 125% of building area that would be allowed for single-family detached



OTHER COMPONENTS OF SB 213

- Local regulations on manufactured housing
- No residential unit size minimum beyond building and fire code
- No occupancy restrictions based on familial relationship
- State strategic growth objectives
 - Buildable lands analysis must support
 - State transportation funding prioritization
 - Regional Transportation Plan consistency
- Buildable land analysis must inform planning, project prioritization and funding decisions of
 - Dept. of Local Affairs (DOLA)
 - Office of Econ. Dev. and Int. Trade (OEDIT)
 - Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs)
- Natural and Agricultural Land Priorities Report
- Water loss audit reporting

- Comprehensive (master) plan requirements
 - Water supply element
 - Housing <u>element</u> needs plan (in municipalities where it is required)
 - Natural and agricultural and priorities from state report
 - Greenfield development Buildable lands analysis (municipalities and counties larger than 250,000 population)
 - Three-mile annexation plan (municipalities)
 - Consultation process
 - DOLA review

ROLE OF MPOs IN SB 213 AS INTRODUCED AMENDED

- State to match boundary for regional housing needs assessment
- Current MPO planned investments would inform location of key corridors
- User of natural and agricultural land priorities report
- Recipient or pass through for housing needs plans technical assistance
- MPO Regional Transportation Plan to be consistent with state strategic growth objectives when updated
- MPOs have representation on the multi-agency advisory committee
- Regional entities may lead housing needs planning
- MPOs shall complete a **buildable lands analysi**s and it shall inform MPO process, project prioritization, and grant funding
- Recipient of technical assistance funding for key corridors



THANK YOU!
QUESTIONS?

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