

Metro Vision A program of DRCOG

DRAFT Foundational & Other Measures

MVIC: April 1, 2015



Preview – Today's Discussion

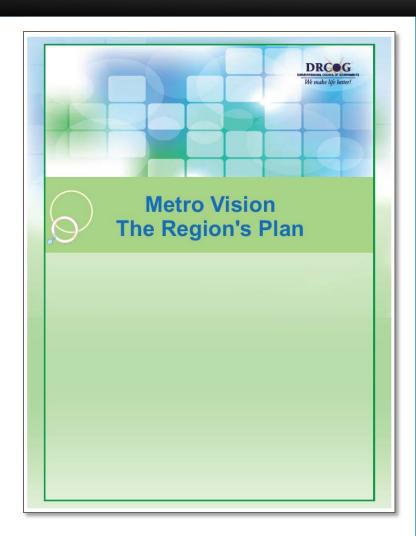
- ◆ Is there consensus to include some or all of the foundational measures and targets?
 - If so, which measures and targets?
 - What additional information or alternatives should staff pursue for possible MVIC action?
- ◆ Are there "secondary" measures that should be elevated?
- ◆ If there is not consensus on targets should MVIC consider moving forward without regional targets?



Background

March 4 MVIC

- Members dedicated significant time discussing proposed measures and targets
- Members requested more information on recent trends to help inform discussion





Background (cont.)

- DRAFT Metro Vision document restructured based on MVIC feedback (link in memo)
 - All measures included in draft plan (by plan element)
- ◆ Foundational Measure Supplement (attachment) includes available background information and data
- Staff included an alternate measure (FM9a) for consideration

Foundational Measures Supplement

March 23, 2015	
FM 1: Share of region's housing and employment located in urban centers	1
FM 2: Housing density within the urban growth boundary/area	
FM 3: Combined cost of housing and transportation as a percent of income	
FM 4: Share of the region's households that are housing cost burdened	
FM 5: Share of health facilities in urban centers, in rural town centers, and near high frequency transit	
FM 6: Surface transportation related greenhouse gas emissions per capita	
FM 7: Non-single occupancy vehicle mode share to work	
FM 8: Daily vehicle miles traveled per capita	
FM 9: Severely congested roadways on the Regional Roadway System	
FM 9 (Alternate): Average travel time variation (TTV) (peak vs. off-peak)	
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Why include measures?

What is measured gets done...

- ◆ Builds on foundation set by Board in currently adopted Metro Vision plan
- **◆** Establishes performance measures to track regional progress on outcomes and objectives
- ◆ Foundational Measures: Overall plan performance measures (including target)
- ◆ "Secondary" Measures: Series of measures tied to each plan objective



FM 1: Housing & Employment in Urban Centers



FC	UNDATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
1	Share of region's housing and employment located in urban centers	10.2 percent of region's housing (2014) and 37.5 percent of region's employment (2010)	Increase to 25 percent of region's housing and 50 percent of region's employment by 2040

New data for 2014 and prior year trends not yet available (employment)

> **Staff suggestion: Delay discussion until May**



FM 1: Urban Centers

Other measures related to Foundational Measure 1

Average urban center mode split

Housing and employment within ½ mile of rapid transit stations, or within ¼ mile of high frequency bus stops

Health facilities in urban centers, in rural town centers, within ½ mile of rapid transit stations, or within ¼ mile of high frequency bus stops (FM)

Parks and open space in urban centers, within ½ mile of rapid transit stations or within ¼ mile of high frequency bus stops

Full service grocery stores in urban centers, within ½ mile of rapid transit stations or within ¼ mile of high frequency bus stops

Subsidized, affordable housing units in urban centers, within ½ mile of rapid transit stations, or within ¼ mile of high frequency bus stops





FO	UNDATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
2	Housing density within the urban growth boundary/area (UGB/A)		25 percent increase between 2014 and 2040



7% increase between 2006 and 2014

Assumes 980 mi² UGB/A for entire trend period





Other measures related to Foundational Measure 2

Land area in semi-urban areas outside the UGB/A

Protected land in buffer between freestanding communities and nearby jurisdictions

Amount of open space



FM 3: Combined cost of housing and transportation

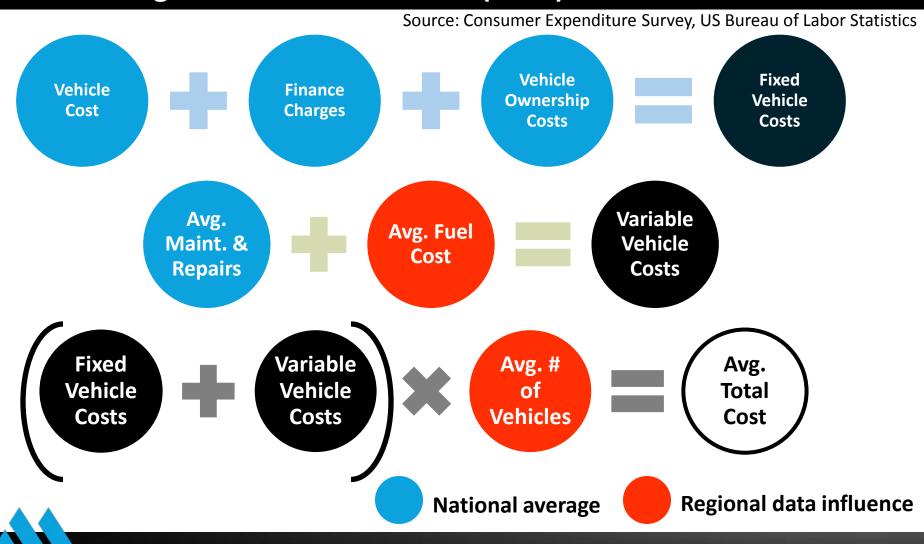
FO	UNDATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
3	Combined cost of housing and transportation as a percent of income for a median-income family	Housing costs: 29 percent Transportation costs: 20 percent Combined costs: 49 percent	Decrease to 45 percent by 2040

No trend data available

Measure relies on new model from USDOT & HUD:

- ◆ Housing costs are included in American Community Survey (ACS) data
- Transportation costs computed based on local household attributes and national spending averages

Average Vehicle Related Costs (2010) for US Households



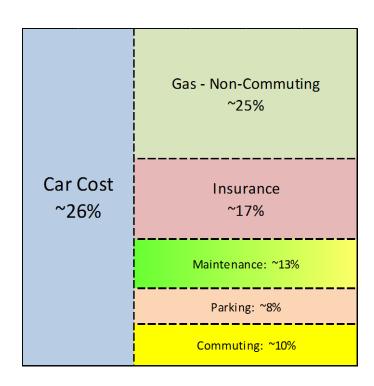


Transportation Costs

Annual Transportation Costs: Typical New Car

Gas - Non-Commuting ~14% Car Cost Insurance ~57% ~13% Maintenance: ~5% Parking: ~5% Commuting: ~5%

Long-Owned Used Car







FM 3: Other Measures Related to Transportation Costs (Examples)

High Correlation

- Average weekday delay
- Lane-miles of RRS with severe congestion (FM)
- Annual average weekday
 VMT per capita (FM)
- Number of traffic fatalities (FM)
- Petroleum fuel burned

Moderate Correlation

- Transit mode share to work
- Share of population with good transit-job accessibility
- Bicycle and pedestrian mode share to work
- Non-SOV mode share to work
- Compressed natural gas (CNG) and electric vehicles



FM 3: Combined cost of housing and transportation (continued)

Staff suggestions:

- ◆ Remove from H+T cost foundational measures (FM3)
- ◆ Keep in list of secondary measures to help compare our region to others when data is available
- ◆ Consider other measures that can be surrogates for transportation costs, particularly VMT



FM 4: Share of the region's households that are housing cost burdened

FO	UNDATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
4	Share of the region's households that are housing cost burdened (spending 30 percent or more of income on housing)	36.2 percent (2013)	Reduce to 25 percent by 2040



2.2 percentage point decrease, 2010-2013

- American Community Survey (ACS) data lag:
 - Relies on 5-year sample from ACS
 - Trend covers period where region is emerging from recession
 - Period ending 2014 available in December 2015





Other measures related to Foundational Measure 4

Regional housing unit type mix

Housing affordability gap

Subsidized, affordable housing units in urban centers, within ½ mile of rapid transit stations, or within ¼ mile of high frequency bus stops



FM 5: Share of health facilities in urban centers, in rural town centers, or near high frequency transit

FO	JNDATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
5	Share of health facilities in urban centers, in rural town centers, within ½ mile of rapid transit stations, or within ¼ mile of high frequency bus stops	54.4 percent (2013)	Increase to 75 percent by 2040

No trend data available (CDPHE data)

Promising trends:

- ◆ Rapid transit network expansion, connecting existing facilities and opening up new sites for development
- ◆ Existing and potential new urban centers focused around major health facilities (e.g. Fitzsimons, RidgeGate West Village, etc.)



FM 5: Other Measures Related to Health Facility Access

Other measures related to Foundational Measure 5

Housing and employment within ½ mile of rapid transit stations, or within ¼ mile of high frequency bus stops

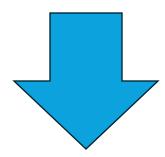
Number of demand response trips provided by non-RTD public transportation service providers

Seniors living independently



FM 6: Surface transportation related greenhouse gas emissions per capita

FC	UNDATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
6	Surface transportation related greenhouse gas emissions per capita	26.8 lbs./person (2010)	60 percent decrease between 2010 and 2040



42% decrease currently projected, 2010-2040

 Per capita decrease primarily due to more efficient engines and more alternative fuel vehicles



FM 6: Other Measures Related to **GHG** Emissions

Other measures related to Foundational Measure 6

Annual average weekday **VMT**

Number of air quality violation days

Petroleum fuel burned



FM 7: Non-SOV mode share to work

F	OUNDATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
7	Non-SOV (single occupancy vehicle) mode share to work	2E E NARCANT (2012)	Increase to 35 percent by 2040



Currently projecting ~ 3 percentage point increase by 2040

- Target retained from Metro Vision 2035
- Current trend is inconclusive (see attachment)
- Closely aligned with congestion, per capita VMT, and per capita GHG measures



FM 7: Other related measures

Miles of roadways with protected bike lanes, striped bike lanes, or parallel multi-use paths

Miles or share of Regional Roadway System (RRS) arterial roadways in urbanized area with sidewalks on both sides of road

Transit mode share to work

Share of population with good transit-job accessibility (100,000 jobs within 45 mins.)

Bicycle and pedestrian mode share to work

Miles of off-street multiuse trails

VMT percent of total PMT (person miles traveled)

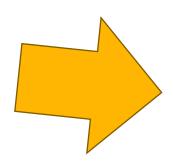
Share of region's employees with access to EcoPass



FM 8: Daily vehicle miles traveled per capita



FO	UNDATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
8	Daily vehicle miles traveled (VMT) per capita	I DE 7 MAINT NAT	Reduce 10 percent from the 2010 level by 2040



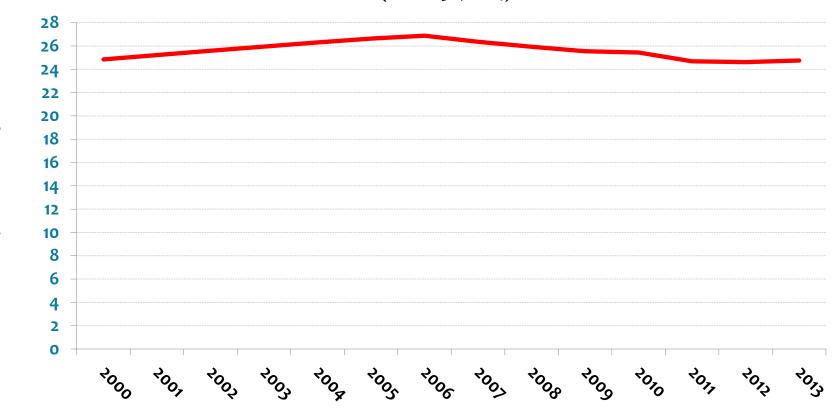
Per capita VMT decreasing slightly or holding steady

Target retained from Metro Vision 2035

Per Capita VMT Trends

VMT per Capita (2000 - 2013)

(March 30, 2014)





Daily VMT Per Capita



FM 8: Other Measures Related to VMT Per Capita

Other measures related to Foundational Measure 8

VMT percent of total PMT (person miles traveled)

Non-SOV mode share to work (FM)

Combined cost of housing and transportation (FM)



FM 9: Severely congested roadways on the Regional Roadway System

FO	UNDATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
	Severely congested roadways		Not to increase above
9	on the Regional Roadway	1,172 lane miles (2011)	2,000 lane miles through
	System (RRS)		2040



Currently anticipating an increase to over 3,000 congested lane miles

 Population and employment growth will have direct impact on traffic congestion



FM 9: Other Measures Related to Congested Roadways

Other measures related to Foundational Measure 9

Average travel time variation (TTV) (peak vs. off peak)

Average weekday delay (person hours and vehicle hours) on the RRS

VMT percent of total PMT (person miles traveled)

Travel time to employment centers



Alt. FM 9: Average travel time variation (TTV)

FOUND	PATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
9a	Average travel time variation (TTV) (peak vs. off-peak	1.22 in 2011	1. <mark>XX</mark> in 2040



Currently anticipating an increase to 1.45

The same trip would take 45% longer during peak period

 Alternative way to measure traffic congestion



FM 10: Number of traffic fatalities

FOUNDATIONAL MEASURE	BASELINE	TARGET
10 Number of traffic fatalities	176 (2013)	Less than 100 per year by 2040



Trending downward: 66 fewer fatalities in 2013 than in 2000

- USDOT and CDOT working to move Towards Zero Deaths
- Downward trend due to improvements in vehicle technology, emergency response, enforcement, education, and other safety improvements.



FM 10: Other Measures Related to Transportation Safety



Other measures related to Foundational Measure 10

Rate of fatal crashes per **VMT**

Rate of surface transportation related fatalities per 100,000 population

Annual total of serious injury crashes and injuries

Rate of serious injury crashes per VMT

Rate of serious injuries per 100,000 population

Annual number of bicyclist and pedestrian fatalities and serious injuries



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FM 3: Other Measures Related to Transportation Costs

High Correlation

- Average weekday delay
- Lane-miles of RRS with severe congestion
- Annual average weekday VMT per capita
- Number of traffic fatalities
- Rate of fatal crashes per VMT
- Rate of traffic related fatalities per 100,000 population
- Annual total of serious injury crashes and injuries
- Rate of serious injury crashes per VMT
- Rate of serious injuries per 100,000 population
- Annual number of bicyclist and pedestrian fatalities and serious injuries
- Petroleum fuel burned

Note: Other measures related to housing costs listed after FM 4

Moderate Correlation

- Transit mode share to work
- Share of population with good transit-job accessibility
- Annual RTD boardings
- RTD transit on-time performance
- Bicycle and pedestrian mode share to work
- Share of housing and employment within ½ mile of bicycle travel way facility
- Miles of off-street multi-use trails
- Bridge structural ratings
- Share of the CDOT and arterial roadway system with high or moderate drivability life or fair/good pavement condition
- Non-SOV mode share to work
- Annual average weekday VMT
- Surface transportation related GHG emissions
- Compressed natural gas (CNG) and electric vehicles